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Supplement of

The influences of historic lake trophy and mixing regime changes on long-term phosphorus fraction retention in sediments of deep eutrophic lakes: a case study from Lake Burgäschi, Switzerland

Luyao Tu et al.

Correspondence to: Luyao Tu (luyao.tu@giub.unibe.ch)

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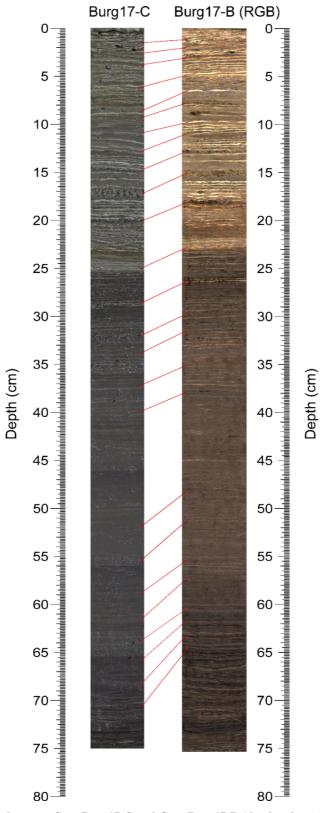


Figure S1: Core correlation between Core Burg17-C and Core Burg17-B (the dated core) sediment images. The core picture of Burg17-B is a true colour RGB (R: 640 nm, G: 545 nm, B: 460 nm) linear-stretch image. The core picture of Burg17-C was taken with a Nikon D80 digital camera.

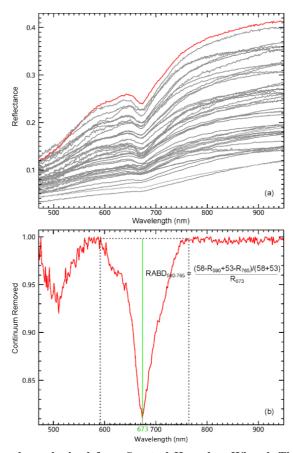


Figure S2: (a) Spectral endmembers obtained from Spectral Hourglass Wizard. The highlighted red endmember spectrum #19 is used in (b). (b) Continuum removed spectrum of endmember #19, showing the formula for RABD₅₉₀. $_{765}$ calculation for a trough minimum at $_{673}$.

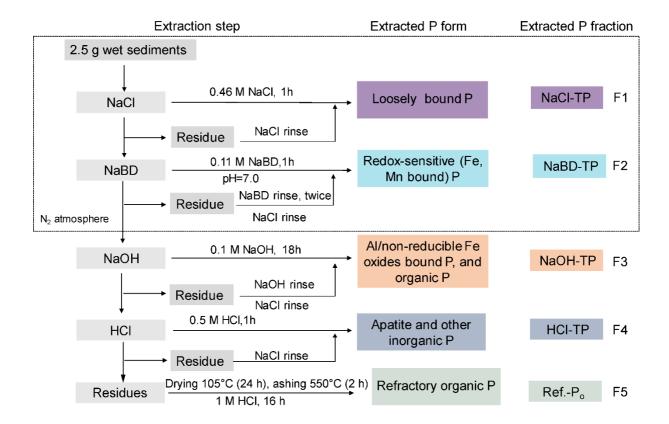


Figure S3: Five-step sequential P extraction protocol. The F1-F4 fractions follow the four-step extraction protocol in Tu et al., (2019), and F5 follows the last extraction step in Lukkari et al. (2007). Sodium dithionite $(Na_2S_2O_4)$ dissolved in 0.11 M sodium bicarbonate $(NaHCO_3)$ buffer (pH~7.0) henceforth is termed as NaBD.

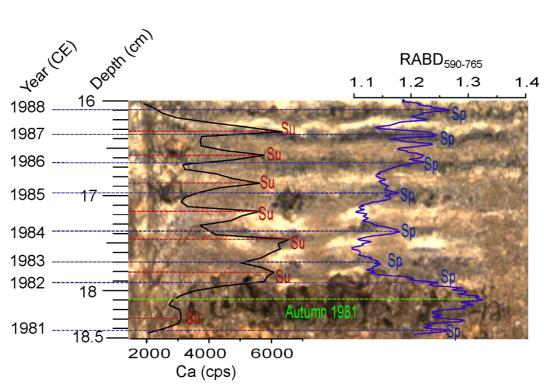


Figure S4: The laminations from depth 16 cm to 18.5 cm with a regular succession of light calcite layers (Ca-rich) and dark organic-rich (RABD₅₉₀₋₇₆₅ inferred green-pigments) layers indicated by different colored lines (color figure online). The background is the RGB contrast enhanced core picture (Sp: Spring; Su: Summer). The algal bloom in the autumn of 1981 year coincides with the historical record in GSA (2007).

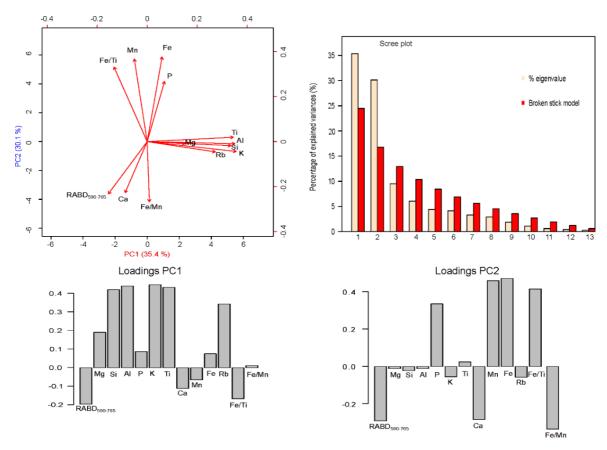


Figure S5: The biplot on standardized data of variables from Fig. 3 and S6, the screeplot and the loadings of the PCA.

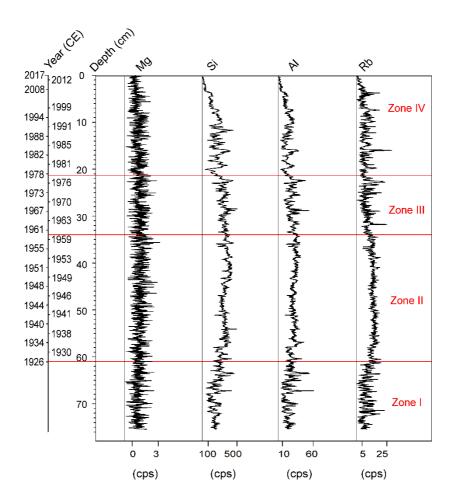


Figure S6: Stratigraphical records of several XRF-elements in sediments of Core Burg17-B. Elemental counts are represented in cps (counts per second). The red horizontal lines separate the four significant clusters retrieved by the CONISS analysis in Fig. 3.

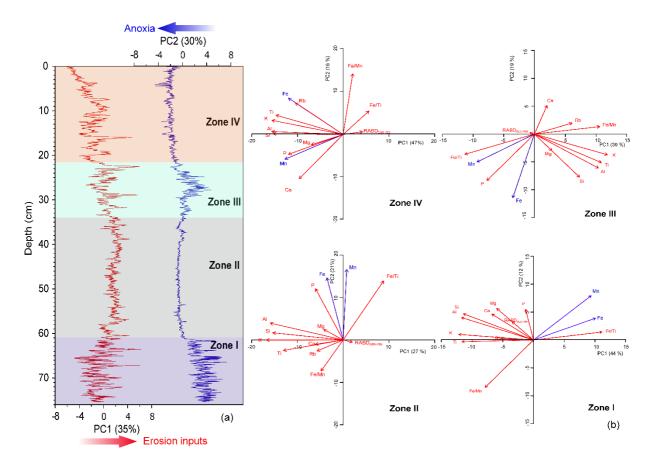


Figure S7: Multivariate analysis of green-pigments and geochemical dataset from Fig. 3 and S6. (a) Distribution of four CONISS-zones, and PC1 and PC2 scores along with the sediment Core Burg17-B. (b) Biplots of PC1 and PC2 for individual CONISS-zones in Fig. 3.

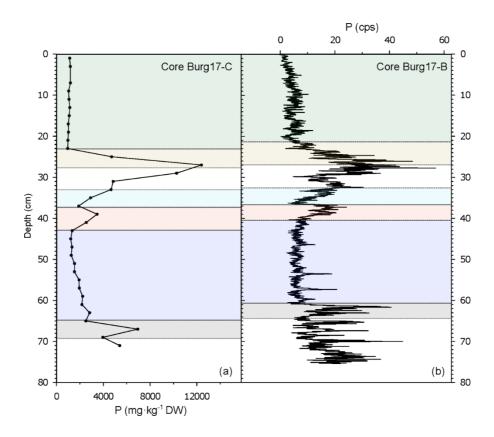


Figure S8: The profiles of (a) total P concentrations from sequential P extraction (Burg17-B) and (b) semi-quantitative XRF-P (Burg17-C). The colored sections indicate the matching between the two profiles.

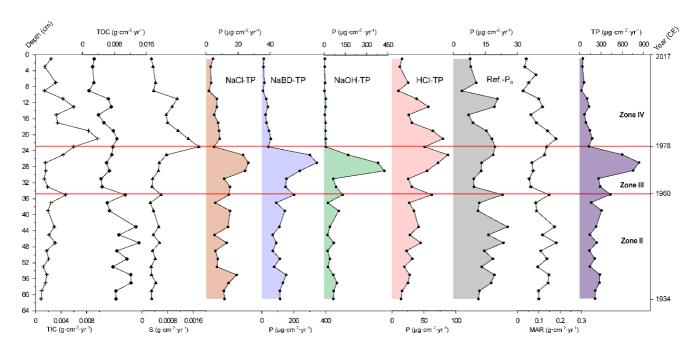


Figure S9: Net burial rates (NBR) of total inorganic carbon (TIC), total organic carbon (TOC), sulfur (S) contents, all the five P fractions, total P (TP) and the sediment mass accumulation rates (MAR) in sediments of Lake Burgäschi

between 1934 and 2017 CE. The horizontal red lines separate the significant CONISS zones as in Fig. 3 and Fig. 5. The y-axis (left) refers to the sediment depth of Core Burg17-C.

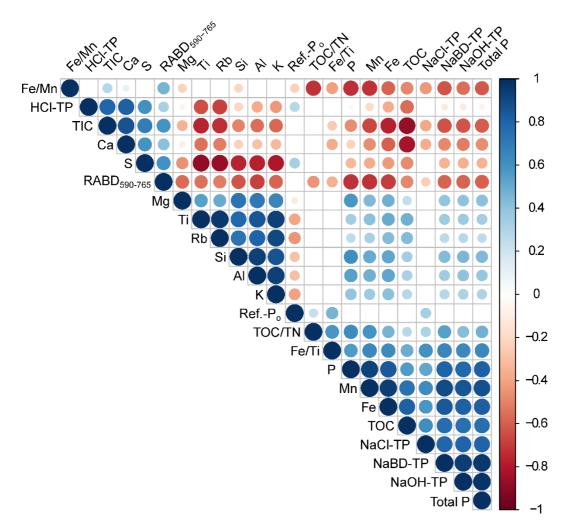


Figure S10: Spearman's rank correlation matrix of all variables (presented in Fig. 7) at the significance level of 0.05. Only the p-value of the correlation < 0.05 is shown. In total 35 samples points are included. The variable-order follows the output of hierarchical clustering.

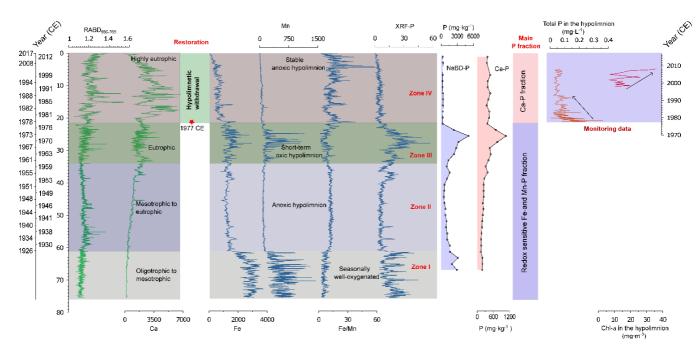


Figure S11: The synthesis of Lake Burgäschi proxy records, showing lake trophic levels, hypolimnetic withdrawal restoration, hypolimnetic redox conditions, sedimentary P fractions (e.g. NaBD-P and Ca-P) retention and lake monitoring data of hypolimnetic total P and Chl-a concentrations (GSA, 2007) between early 1900s and 2017.

References

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