

Appendix A

Table A1. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought), community (*L perenne* monoculture, *T repens* monoculture, *C intybus* monoculture, *T pratense* monoculture, equi-proportional mixture) and soil depth interval (0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40 cm*) on the soil moisture content and the $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ of soil water in Tännikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

Model*	Tännikon 2011					Reckenholz 2012				
	df	SMC		$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ soil water		df	SMC		$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ soil water	
		F-value	p	F-value	p		F-value	p	F-value	p
Water supply	1	53.3	***	136.1	***	1	627.2	***	77.0	***
Community	4	0.6	ns	4.3	*	4	4.2	8	3.2	ns
Depth	3	3.6	*	68.1	***	4	13.8	***	105.1	***
Water supply × Community	4	0.6	ns	0.3	ns	4	2.3	ns	2.3	ns
Water supply × Depth	3	34.2	***	29.7	***	4	39.1	***	7.1	***
Community × Depth	12	0.8	ns	1.5	ns	16	0.5	ns	2.4	**
Water supply × Community × Depth	12	0.5	ns	0.5	ns	16	1.8	3	2.0	*

*During 2012, the 0-10 cm soil depth interval was split into 0-5 and 5-10 cm

Table A2. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought) and community (*L perenne* monoculture, *T repens* monoculture, *C intybus* monoculture, *T pratense* monoculture, equi-proportional mixture) on aboveground dry matter yield in Tännikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

Model	df	Tännikon 2011		Reckenholz 2012	
		F-value	p	F-value	p
Water supply	1	7.3	*	41.7	***
Community	4	28.5	***	47.4	***
Water supply × Community	4	1.7	ns	2.7	0.08

Table A3. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought) and species (*L perenne*, *T repens*, *C intybus*, *T pratense*) on the proportional contribution of each species to the dry matter yield of the equi-proportional mixture in Tännikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

Year	Model	df	Tännikon 2011		Reckenholz 2012	
			F-value	p	F-value	p
2011	Water supply	1	0.0	ns	0.0	ns
	Species	3	42.3	***	14.0	***
	Water supply × Species	3	3.8	*	0.2	ns

Table A4. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought), diversity (monoculture, mixture) and species* (*L perenne*, *T repens*, *C intybus*, *T pratense*) on the proportional water uptake from the 0-10 cm soil depth interval (PCWU₀₋₁₀) and the inferred depth of water uptake in Tännikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

Year	Model	df	Proportional uptake from 0-10 cm		Inferred depth of water uptake	
			F-value	p	F-value	p
2011	Water supply	1	0.0	ns	0.5	ns
	Diversity	1	92.8	**	6.4	0.06
	Water supply × Diversity	1	29.4	*	0.4	ns
2012	Water supply	1	4.5	0.07	0.0	ns
	Species	3	10.9	**	12.3	**
	Diversity	1	0.0	ns	0.2	ns
	Water supply × Species	3	1.3	ns	1.8	ns
	Water supply × Diversity	1	0.0	ns	0.1	ns
	Species × Diversity	3	10.0	**	5.7	*
	Water supply × Species × Diversity	3	3.7	0.05	1.9	ns

*For 2011, only data for one species (*T pratense*) were available, and the factor species was omitted from the model.

Table A5. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought), diversity (monoculture, mixture) and species pair (*L perenne*–*T repens*, *L perenne*–*C intybus*, *L perenne*–*T pratense*; *T repens*–*C intybus*, *T repens*–*T pratense* and *C intybus*–*T pratense*) or rooting-depth pair (shallow, mixed, deep*) on the proportional similarity of the proportional water uptake from the 0-10 cm and 10-40 cm soil depth intervals in Reckenholz 2012.

	df	F-value	<i>p</i>		df	F-value	<i>p</i>
Water supply	1	0.8	ns	Water supply	1	0.9	ns
Diversity	1	0.0	ns	Diversity	1	0.0	ns
Species pair	5	2.4	0.05	RD pair	2	5.8	**
Water supply × Diversity	1	3.0	ns	Water supply × Diversity	1	1.8	ns
Diversity × Species pair	5	7.5	***	Diversity × RD pair	2	9.1	***
Water supply × Species pair	5	5.3	**	Water supply × RD pair	2	2.3	ns

*Rooting-depth pairs: shallow (*L perenne*–*T repens*), mixed (*L perenne*–*C intybus*, *L perenne*–*T pratense*, *T repens*–*C intybus*, *T repens*–*T pratense*) and deep (*C intybus*–*T pratense*).

Appendix B

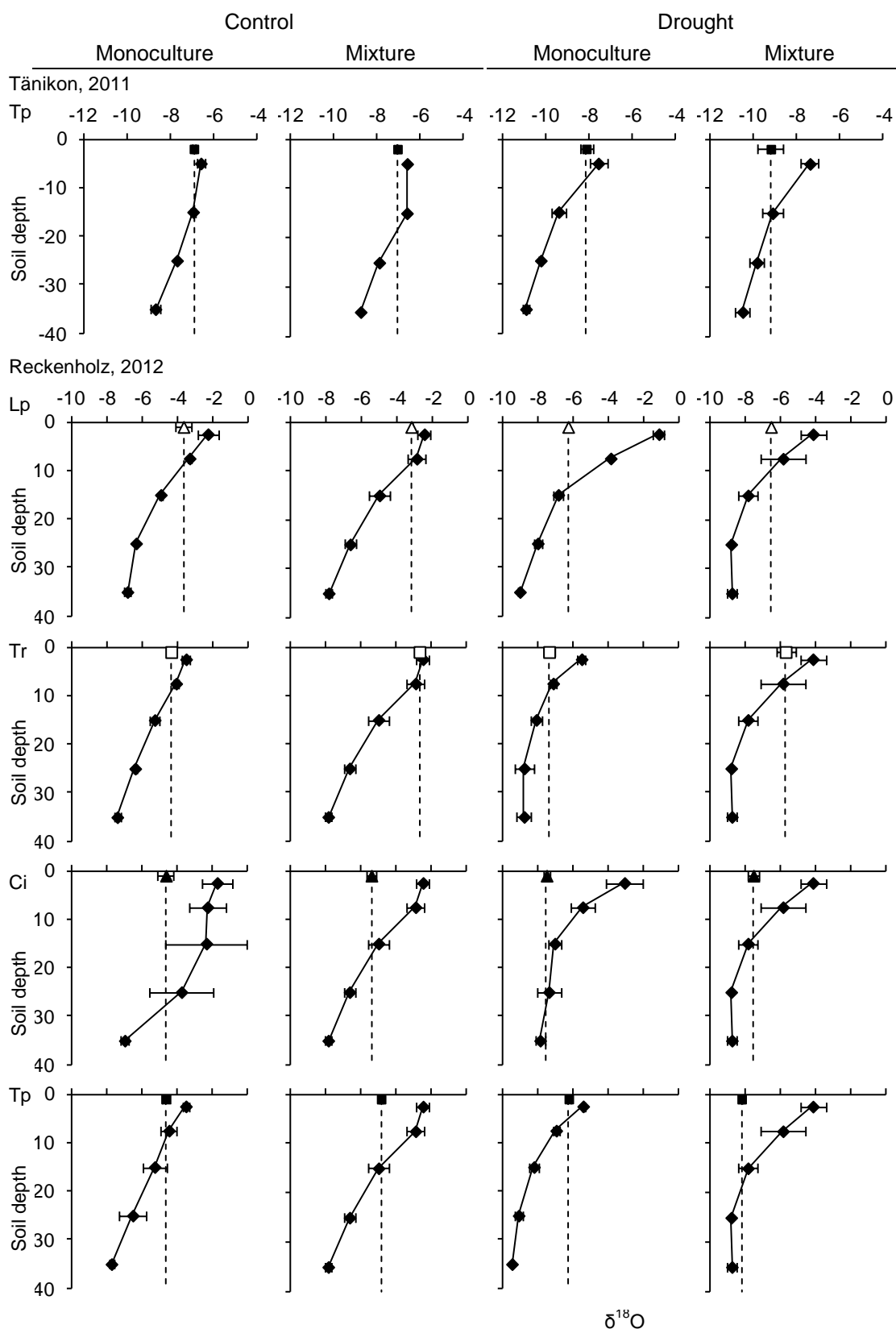


Figure B1. Mean (\pm SE, $n = 2$ for all soils and plants, $n = 1$ for plants in the case of Tännikon-*T. pratense*-Control-Mixture and Reckenholz-*T. repens*-Control-Mixture) $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ values of soil water (—, \blacklozenge) and plant xylem water for the shallow rooting ($L_p = L. perenne$ \triangle and $T_p = T. repens$ \square) and deep rooting ($C_i = C. intybus$ \blacktriangle and $T_p = T. pratense$ \blacksquare) species grown in monoculture or mixture under control or drought conditions in Tännikon, 2011 and Reckenholz, 2012. The point at which the $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ signature of the plant xylem (—) intersects with the soil water $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ line (—) corresponds to the estimated mean depth of water uptake (see Fig. 2a-e).

Appendix C

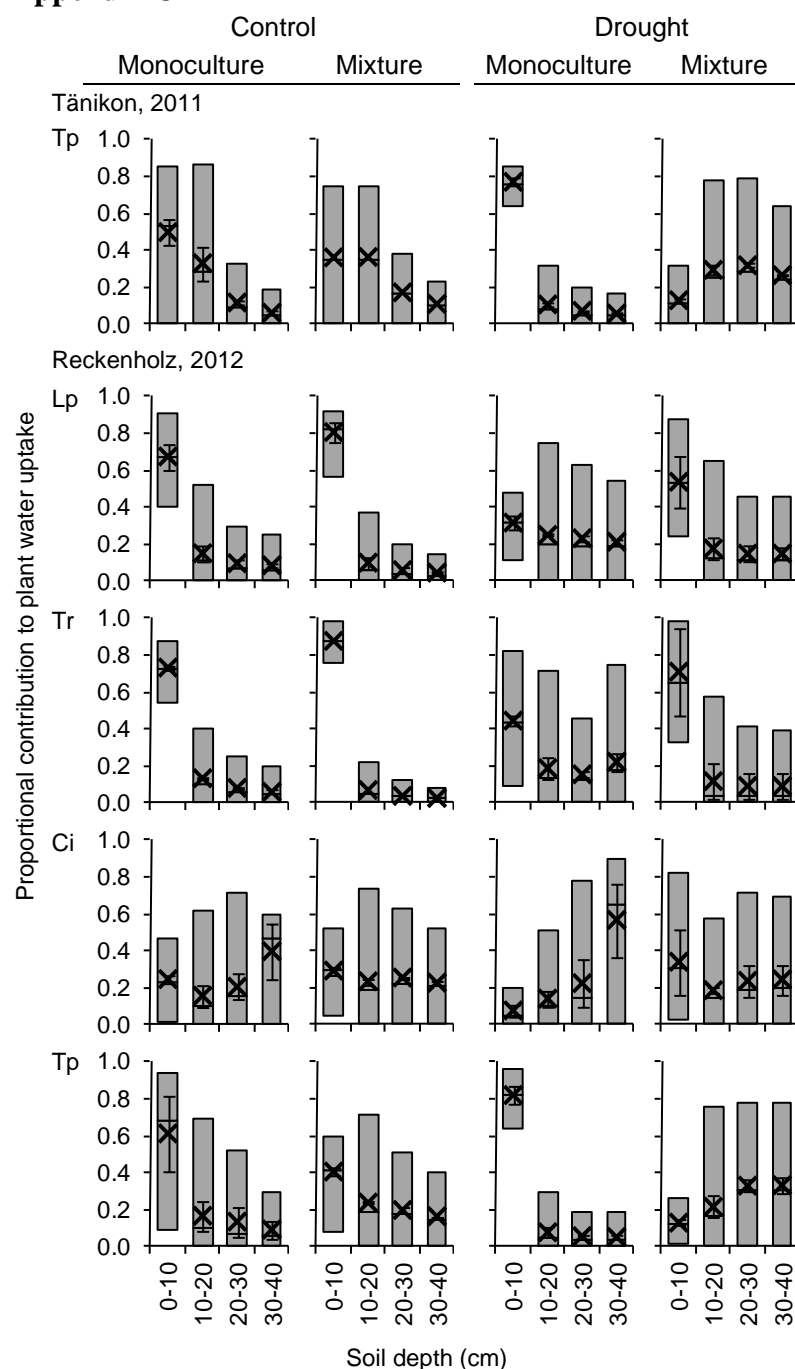


Figure C1. Box plots of the proportional contribution of each soil layer (0-10, 10-20, 20-30 and 30-40 cm) to plant water uptake of the shallow rooting species ($L_p = L\ perenne$ and $Tr = T\ repens$) and the deep rooting species ($C_i = C\ intybus$ and $T_p = T\ pratense$) grown in monoculture or mixture under control and drought conditions in Tännikon (2011) or Reckenholz (2012). Lower, middle and upper boundaries of the bars represent the 1st percentile, 50th percentile and 99th percentile of the proportional contribution, respectively. The mean (×) and SE of the mean proportional contribution ($n = 2$ in all cases except for Tännikon-*T pratense*-control-mixture and Reckenholz-*T repens*-control-mixture, where $n = 1$) are also included.