

1 Table 1. Key features of microbial decomposition models.

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FWD Model

German et al., 2012

*FWD Model with maintenance respiration*

As FWD model but microbial respiration is partitioned into temperature insensitive growth and temperature sensitive maintenance respiration terms.

REV Model

Depolymerisation and uptake relative to microbial biomass decreases with increasing M (diminishing return mechanism).

*REV Model with maintenance respiration*

As REV model but maintenance respiration added.

*REV Model with equilibrium microbes*

As REV model but fast microbial adjustments.

OPT Model

Optimisation of microbial enzyme production to maximise microbial growth, and consideration of carbon costs associated with enzyme synthesis.

*OPT Model with maintenance respiration*

As OPT model but maintenance respiration added.

*OPT Model with equilibrium microbes*

As OPT model but fast microbial adjustments.

FOD Model

First order decomposition model, modified to account for temperature sensitive carbon use efficiency.

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1 Table 2. Parameters used in microbial decomposition models (In subsequent models, we  
2 provide only those parameters where modifications have been made.)

Parameter	Unit	Value	Description	Source
<b>FWD Model</b>				
I	mg cm <sup>-3</sup> hr <sup>-1</sup>	0.001	Input of fresh litter	
$\lambda_d$	hr <sup>-1</sup>	0.0005	Death rate of microbes	
$V_{max, FWD, 0}$	mg cm <sup>-3</sup> hr <sup>-1</sup>	0.0049	Maximum catalytic rate @ 15°C	
$Q_{10, Vmax, FWD}$	-	1.9	Q <sub>10</sub> of maximum catalytic rate	
$K_E$	mg S cm <sup>-3</sup>	270	Half-saturation constant @ 15°C	German et al., 2012
$\epsilon_0$	-	0.39	Microbial growth efficiency @ 15°C	
$\epsilon_{slope}$	°C <sup>-1</sup>	-0.016	Microbial growth efficiency temperature slope	
<b>FWD Model with maintenance respiration</b>				
$\lambda_{r, 0}$	hr <sup>-1</sup>	0.0006	Maintenance respiration @ 15°C	
$Q_{10, \lambda r}$	-	2.2	Q <sub>10</sub> of maintenance respiration	This study
g	-	0.24	Growth respiration coefficient	
<b>REV Model</b>				
$V_{max, REV}$	mg <sup>-1</sup> M cm <sup>-3</sup> hr <sup>-1</sup>	2.61*10 <sup>-5</sup>	Maximum catalytic rate @ 15°C	
$K_M$	mg M cm <sup>-3</sup>	0.68	Half-saturation constant @ 15°C	This study
<b>OPT Model</b>				
$V_{max, OPT}$	mg <sup>-1</sup> M cm <sup>-3</sup> hr <sup>-1</sup>	1.71*10 <sup>-5</sup>	Maximum catalytic rate @ 15°C	
$\mu$		0, 0.1, 0.5	Enz production cost ( as % of decomposition)	
$K_P * c$	mg M cm <sup>-3</sup>	0, 1.64*10 <sup>-5</sup> , 0.0004	combined cost and the half saturation constant	This study
<b>FOD Model</b>				
$K^*$	hr <sup>-1</sup>	1.71*10 <sup>-5</sup>	First order decay constant @ 15°C	This study

3 \* K in FOD model is identical to  $V_{max, OPT}$  in OPT model.

Table 3. Equilibrium solutions for microbial biomass, soil organic carbon, and CUE at short/fast timescale (if,  $S \neq \text{Eq. S}$ ) and long timescale (if,  $S = \text{Eq. S}$ ). Note, for simplicity, we did not substitute  $S$  in the long-term microbial equilibrium for OPT model.

Model	Short/Fast time scale		Long time scale	
	M	Decomposition	S	M
FWD	no solution *	no solution *	$\frac{\lambda_d K_E}{V_{\max 1} \varepsilon - \lambda_d}$	$\frac{I \varepsilon}{(1 - \varepsilon) \lambda_d}$
REV	$\frac{V_{\max, \text{Rev}} S \varepsilon - K_M \lambda_d}{\lambda_d}$	$V_{\max, \text{Rev}} S \varepsilon - K_M \lambda_d$	$\frac{I}{V_{\max, \text{Rev}} (1 - \varepsilon)} + \frac{K_M \lambda_d}{V_{\max, \text{Rev}} \varepsilon}$	$\frac{I \varepsilon}{\lambda_d (1 - \varepsilon)}$
OPT	$\frac{(X - Y)^2 \varepsilon}{\lambda_d}$	$X^2 - XY$	$\frac{1}{2 V_{\max, \text{OPT}} (1 - \varepsilon)^2} [-Y (2\varepsilon - 1) \sqrt{4IY (1 - \varepsilon) + Y^2} + (1 - \varepsilon) (2I - 2\varepsilon Y^2) + Y^2]$	$\frac{\varepsilon (X - Y)^2}{\lambda_d}$

$$X = \sqrt{S V_{\max 4}}, Y = \sqrt{K_{PC}}, \varepsilon = \frac{(1-g) \lambda_d}{b}$$

$$* \text{ requires } \lambda_d = \frac{V_{\max, \text{FWD}} S \varepsilon}{S + K_E}$$