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Interactive Comment

Interactive comment on "Chronic nitrogen addition causes a reduction in soil carbon dioxide efflux during the high stem-growth period in a tropical montane forest but no response from a tropical lowland forest in decadal scale" by B. Koehler et al.

Anonymous Referee #1

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General comments

Soil respiration is an important component of the global C cycle, and yet environmental controls on soil respiration remain poorly understood. In this study soil respiration was measured frequently during a 3-year period in a tropical lowland and montane forest in Panama, using static chambers. The effect of N addition (150 kg N ha-1 yr-1) was assessed in both forests. The authors conclude that N addition did not affect soil

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respiration in the lowland forest, likely because this forest was not N-limited, and that N addition decreased soil respiration (in 2nd and 3rd year) in the montane forest, likely because of a shift in carbon partitioning from below- to aboveground biomass in the N-addition plots. This study appears to have been carefully executed, the manuscript is well written, and the topic should be of interest to readers of Biogeosciences.

Nevertheless I have one major concern about the explanation of why soil respiration declined with N addition in the montane forest. There is quite a bit of evidence from the literature that N addition alters the microbial decomposer community and extracellular enzyme productivity in the soil (e.g., Treseder, 2004; Waldrop et al., 2004; Waldrop et al., 2006), which in my opinion could have caused the reduction in soil respiration with N addition in the montane forest. Although the possibility of a change in microbial community is briefly discussed (top of page 8648), it is later on, for reasons that are not clear to me, dismissed as a possible explanation. The authors mention that a "possible decline in microbial respiration would not suffice to explain our observed decrease in soil CO2 efflux" (p. 8648, l. 11-12). But why would a possible decline in mycorrhizal activity with N addition not have sufficed to cause the decline? Were mycorrhizal infection rates measured at this site? What about enzyme productivity? The explanation that the decrease in soil respiration with N addition was due to increased stem growth that occurred at the same time, is not clear to me either. Apparently, addition of N in this forest did not affect fine root biomass, production or turnover. It was suggested that increased stem growth may have lowered specific root respiration rates in the Naddition plots. Do the authors have evidence for this? Or, are there other studies that have shown this? In conclusion, I believe that the results of this study are interesting, but that the explanation of a decline in soil respiration with N addition in the montane forest could be more nuanced.

Other comments

p. 8636, l. 11: N enrichment can also affect the microbial decomposer community and enzyme activities (e.g., Treseder, 2004; Waldrop et al., 2004; Waldrop et al., 2006).

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p. 8639, l. 24: In 30

p. 8640, l. 1: It may be true that if only a linear model was used that this would have underestimated CO2 fluxes sometimes. However, Venterea et al. (2009) have shown that a linear model will be more likely to detect relative differences in fluxes, although less accurate in absolute terms than nonlinear models. Would there be similar treatment effects if ONLY a linear model was used to calculate CO2 fluxes?

p. 8642, l. 24-25: Was there a relationship between stem growth and soil respiration?

p. 8643, l. 1-2: Why were the N addition plots in the montane forest not included in the regressions with soil moisture and temperature?

p. 8647, l. 16-19: I do not understand this reasoning. If the decomposition rates declined with N addition (e.g., because of changes in microbial community composition or enzyme production), why could this not fully account for the observed reduction in soil CO2 efflux?

Figure 4 and 5: Why were the N-addition plots in the montane forest not included in the regressions?

Suggested edits

p. 8636, l. 1: Change 'question on' into 'question of' p. 8636, l. 4: 'conflictive'? Suggest removing this term, or replace with something else.

Literature cited

Treseder KK (2004) A meta-analysis of mycorrhizal responses to nitrogen, phosphorus, and atmospheric CO2 in field studies. New Phytologist, 164, 347-355.

Venterea RT, Spokas KA, Baker JM (2009) Accuracy and precision analysis of chamber-based nitrous oxide gas flux estimates. Soil Science Society of America Journal, 73, 1087-1093.

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Waldrop MP, Zak DR (2006) Response of oxidative enzyme activities to nitrogen deposition affects soil concentrations of dissolved organic carbon. Ecosystems, 9, 921-933.

Waldrop MP, Zak DR, Sinsabaugh RL (2004) Microbial community response to nitrogen deposition in northern forest ecosystems. Soil Biology Biochemistry, 36, 1443-1451.

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