Author response to all referees' interactive comments for Manuscript MS-BG-2011-162 "Above- and below-ground response to soil moisture change on an alpine wetland ecosystem in the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau, China" by G.-L. Wu et al.

We really thank four anonymous referees and Dr. Donatella Zona for their time and effort in reviewing this manuscript and for their helpful comments and suggestions. They provided us very insightful and constructive comments, which helped improve this manuscript. We have tried our best to carefully consider and respond to all the comments raised by all referees and editor. We have now revised the manuscript substantially by the comments and suggestions of all referees and editor.

And, each review comment is listed in the left column of tables and our response/action is written in the right column of the tables.

We would like to revised anything by the suggestions if there are another needing revision.

Comments	Response/Actions
The paper has the aim to investigate the effects the	RE: On this comment, in revised text, we have
effects of soil moisture spatial heterogeneity on	added these information in material and method
wetland community. In particular, authors used a	section: "All the samples sites are open flat
sequence spaceseries variation of soil moisture to	wetland area, basically there is no slope. All the
reflect potential time-series variation of soil	sites that we selected for studying were
moisture in alpine wetland community in order to	completely excluded livestock grazing during
assess the potential effect of climate change in their	the plant growth-seasons from April to October
study area. The paper is within the scope of the	and slight grazing was done only during the
journal and the topic is quite important in order to	hay-stage in winter, because of "Return
quantify the potential effects of climate change on	Livestock Production to Grassland Ecology
grassland ecosystems in alpine areas. Even though	Project" of China from 2001, and there were
the experimental approach sounds quite good, I	scarcely no grazing. Meanwhile, all the samples
have some major concerns. All the sites are	sites are open flat wetland area, basically there is
meadows but no information on grazing (i.e. type	no slope." We sure that the differences they
of grazing [cows, sheep etc.], stocking rate,	found are not related to different grazing,
seasonality) are given in material and method	because we have done many studies for many
section. Are the authors completely sure that the	years in this area and we also do some studies on
differences they found are not related to different	grazing experiments in the other place of this
grazing ? Please provide some evidence for that.	study area.
Moreover, the experimental design is not	RE: On this comment, we have clarified that it is

completely clear to me. In fact, authors stated that they chose three block for each selected site and they established three 1 x 1 m quadrats in each block for detailed analysis. This means they have 9 quadrats for plot. Why then are they calculating standard error (table 1) on 12 quadrats ? Why did they decide to sample only five quadrat for above ground biomass? Please clarify better your experimental design. In some part of the paper English has to be re-checked. Please also report citations according to journal style. I think the paper can be accepted for publication in Biogeosciences after the authors will answer the above questions and will solve the following detailed comments.

following sentence because I cannot understand its

our writing errors, similar English writing and grammar errors were all appeared in earlier edition. In revised text, we have re-checked them and revised them. In this study, we selected three plots (each plot was about $5 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2$) in each selected site and three diagonal sampling quadrats (1 m²) per plot. Night quadrats were investigated and sampled in each studied siteat early September of 2009, when biomass reaches its highest. We determined the aboveground dry biomass of each quadrat by weighing after drying at 80 °C for 48 h to constant weight. Vegetation covers, mean height, productivity based on aboveground biomass, richness of plant community were measured. Richness index (R)was determined by the total species numbers of each community by the methods of Wu et al. (2009). And, the top-soil water content of weight ratio in studied sites was determined by ordinary gravimetric measurement. Meanwhile, we collected three soil samples from each soil depths (0-10 and 10-20 cm) by bucket auger (diameter is 5 cm and length is 10 cm) from each quadrats in a simple random pattern, then fixed three soil samples from the same depths in each sampling quadrats. Nine mixed soil samplesfor each soil depth and each quadrat were used to laboratory analysis.

Page 1 line 7: please change all citation throughout RE: In revised text, we have revised this by the the text according to journal stile. In this case suggestion. Houghton et al., 2001 instead of "Houghton and others, 2001" Page 2 line 16: "terrestrial environments" instead of "terrestrial and environments" Page 2 line 6: I do not understand the sentence "which indicates an increase in local species richness". Probably you have to delete it as you have already stated that warming increases species richness Page 2 line 6: "other studies" instead of "other RE: In revised text, we have revised this by the study" (you are citing two studies at the end of the suggestion. sentence) Page 2 line 22: please cite the studies you are referring to Page 3 line 2: "." Instead of ",." Page 4 line 22: please check the English of the RE: In revised text, we have revised this by the

meaning: "The monthly mean temperature and precipitation, annual average precipitation and annual accumulated temperature of _ 0 _C from 1969 to 2005 in this protection area, which showed that annual accumulated temperature for decades is increasing and the regional climate become warmer in this area along the global climate change, which were reviewed in Wu et al. (2009)." Page 5 line 4: please complete the name of all the species you are reporting according to journal style.(i.e." Kobresia tibetica Maxim." instead of "Kobresia tibetica")	suggestion.
Page 5 line 7: please change the sentence as "A selection of 15 sampling sites with the same Humic alpine soil and similar historical wetland vegetation in alpine area of the Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau was studied in September 2009"	RE: In revised text, we have revised this by the suggestion. "Fifteen sampling sites, where had the same alpine meadow soil, which corresponds to typical Cryrendoll according to USDA soil classification"
Page 5 line 10-11. If I understood well, you sampled 9 quadrats in total for each plot (3 block x 3 quadrat). If this is the case, why are you calculating standard error in table 1 using 12 quadrats ? Page 5 line 14-15: you previously stated that the three diagonal sampling quadrats per plot in both three blocks of each site were investigated and sampled, why did you sample only five quadrats for each site to estimate biomass ? Page 5 line 22: "from each quadrats" instead of "from each quadrats from every sampling quadrats" Page 5 line 22: what do you mean saying "in both five blocks in a simple random pattern, then fixed them" ? Please check the English Page 7 line 8: please complete species name (see my previous comment) Page 10 line 10: "Many" instead of "Mnay" Page 11 line 13: "– wetland species –" instead of " – wetland species" Table 2: please write that you are reporting standard error and report the size of your sample (n) Figure 1: it would be better to regress each variable with soil water content at each depth separately instead of plotting all together.	RE: In revised text, we have revised this by the suggestion. In this study, we selected three plots (each plot was about $5 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2$) in each selected site and three diagonal sampling quadrats (1 m ²) per plot. Night quadrats were investigated and sampled in each studied siteat early September of 2009, when biomass reaches its highest. We determined the aboveground dry biomass of each quadrat by weighing after drying at 80 °C for 48 h to constant weight. Meanwhile, we collected three soil samples from each soil depths (0-10 and 10-20 cm) by bucket auger (diameter is 5 cm and length is 10 cm) from each quadrats in a simple random pattern, then fixed three soil samples from the same depths in each sampling quadrats. Nine mixed soil samplesfor each soil depth and each quadrat were used to laboratory analyze. RE: In revised text, we have revised all these specific comments by these suggestions. And the regression of figures 1 were showed by the each variable with soil water content at depth of 0-10 cm and 10-20 cm, separately.

Anonymous Referee #2	
Comments	Response/Actions
Comments I had a great deal of difficulty in reading this manuscript. The authors used long complicated sentences with poor grammar, which made it difficult to understand what they wanted to say. The entire manuscript requires a very thorough editing to correct this problem. The objective of the paper is to determine the above and below ground response to soil moisture. The moisture data used to achieve this goal were determined on a weight basis and, as is explained below, this makes the comparisons of their findings unreliable and questionable. I suggest that they redo the analysis using soil moisture content determined on a volume basis.	Response/Actions RE: For the English writing and grammar errors, we have edited it thoroughly and our colleague Dr. David Warrington have help us to check it. RE: We know that it is more appropriate using soil moisture content determined on a volume basis than on weight basis, however, it is difficult to measure for soil bulk density and volume in local field, especially in this special area, even in nearby county, there is difficult traffic conditions and we must reached some area by ride, and have no many required conditions. So we only sampled and weighted and calculated on a weight basis during the experiment process. So, we have to do the analysis by the weight basis. We hope to pay
Specific comments:Page 7144, lines 20-26. This part should beincorporated in the methods section.Page 7145, Subtitle 2.1. "Study description"	attention to this problem in studies in the future. RE: We have adjusted and revised this part in the revised text. RE: We have revised this point by this suggestion
should be changed to "Study area."	in the revised text.
 Page 7146, line 1. What is Humic alpine (felty soil)? Please give the soil classification in either the WRB or the US Soil Taxonomy. Page 7146, lines 20-21. Soil moisture determined on a weight basis is very misleading. Moisture content on a weight basis for soils with high organic matter and soils with low organic matter are far apart even though these two soils have the same moisture content on a volume basis. 	RE: In the revised text, we have revised it and it should be "alpine meadow soil, which corresponds to typical Cryrendoll according to USDA soil classification". RE: On this point, we have explained this in front, because of the experimental process has been determined that. So, we have to do the analysis by the weight basis. We hope to pay attention to this problem in studies in the future.
Page 7146, lines 21-23. This sentence ends with "then fixed them." What does "then fixed them" mean?	RE: In revised text, we have revised "them" as "five soil samples from the same quadrats with the same soil depth".
Page 7147, line 2. Omit "in laboratory" at the end of sentence.Page 7147, line 7. Omit "properties". The sentence should read: All vegetation and soil data were expressed: : :	RE: In revised text, we have deleted "in laboratory" in that sentence. RE: In revised text, we have deleted "properties" in that sentence.

Page 7147, lines 9-12. The sentence starting with "Test of between subjects" is not clear. It should be re-written.	RE: In revised text, we have re-written this sentence, it was revised into "A general linear model (GLM) procedure with two-way ANOVA was used to examine the between-subjects effects of studied sites and two soil depths on soil properties. All data were assessed for homogeneity of variance and normality."
Page 7148, lines 23-28. Comparison of soil moisture values determined on a weight basis for upper and lower layers is very unreliable. For comparison, moisture content determined on a volume basis should be used.	RE: On this point, we have explained this in front, because of the experimental process has been determined that. So, we have to do the analysis by the weight basis.
Page 7148, line 23. What properties of the sample site affect the soil moisture regime? The paper gives no information on soil properties such as texture and organic matter content which also affect soil moisture.	RE: On this point, we are sorry for the confusion with this sentence, In the revised version of the manuscript, we revised it as "there were significantly differences among different sampling sites (F = 56.57, P < 0.001) and between soil depth (F = 11.97, P < 0.01) for soil moisture", here, theses sampling sites have the same soil type and similar soil texture, so we only to showed their differences.
Page 7148, line 28 to Page 7149, line 1. It would be better to state that the pH, N, C, etc. varied between sample sites, probably as a result of differences in soil properties. The authors, however, presented no data on soil properties.	RE: In revised text, we have revised this sentence by this suggestion, and it was written as "Soil pH value ($F = 20.38$, $P < 0.001$), soil organic carbon ($F = 8.45$, $P < 0.001$), total nitrogen ($F = 6.88$, P < 0.001), available nitrogen ($F = 4.38$, $P < 0.01$), total phosphorus ($F = 5.79$, $P < 0.01$), available phosphorus ($F = 5.64$, $P < 0.01$), total potassium ($F = 11.54$, $P < 0.001$) and available potassium (F = 12.83, $P < 0.001$) varied between sample sites, probably as a result of differences in soil properties.".
Page 7149, line 28. What was the range of slopes (by percent) for these wetlands? This information should be given in the Materials and Methods section.	RE: In revised text, we have added this content. "All the samples sites are open flat wetland area, basically there is no slope."
Page 7149, line 26 to Page 7150, line 14 (section 3.3). It is very difficult to read this section since it contains mainly numerical values with very little text. This section should be reorganized to make it easier to read. Perhaps some of the numerical values should be presented in table form.	RE: In revised text, we have re-written this section by this suggestion. And it was revised into "Results showed that aboveground biomass were significant positively related to soil organic carbon, total N, P, and available N, P, but negatively related to total K. Vegetation covers and height were also significant positively related to soil organic carbon, total N, P and available

	N, P, and available K, but negatively related to
	total K. But, species richness were significant
	negatively related to soil organic carbon, total N,
	P, and available N, P, but positively related to total
	K. Meanwhile, species richness showed
	significantly positive correlations to aboveground
	biomass, covers and height. Additionally, there
	are some other positive or negative correlations
	among aboveground properties or below-ground
	properties in natural wetland community of
	studied sites (Table 3).", because all the numerical
	values were presented in Table 3.
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Page 7151, lines 4-7. This is a very complex	RE: In revised text, we have revised this sentence
sentence. I would write it this way: Variations in	by this suggestion.
the average annual precipitation and air	
temperatures show a decreasing trend in rainfall	
and an increasing trend in temperature, resulting	
in increased aridity.	
Page 7162, Table 2. Since some of the soil	RE: In revised text, we have noted that "these
moisture contents presented in this table are well	moisture values were determined on a weight
above 100% this would indicate that these	basis" in Table 2.
moisture values were determined on a weight	
basis. This should be stated in this table.	

Comments	Response/Actions
The authors should be congratulated for picking a	RE: On the English writing and grammar errors,
very important and endangered ecosystem in	we have edited it thoroughly and our colleague
China. This region is a focal point for endangered	Dr. David Warrington had helped us to check it.
grazing animals and biodiversity. At the moment,	Additionally, on the "sequence space-series
though, I can not evince more enthusiasm for this	variation", it was that we selected some variation
paper given the difficult and distracting writing	gradients by the different space with different soil
style. No clear explanation of the "sequence	moisture to reflect the potential variation of soil
space-series variation" method, or indeed its	moisture by time. "We used sequence space-series
assumptions, is provided. In the site description, I	variation of soil moisture to reflect potential
saw reference to a "felty" soil ("peaty" ?), and am	time-series variation of soil moisture in alpine
not familiar with this designation. The authors	wetland community, by examining the effects of
should use a std soil taxonomy, perhaps FAO.	spatial heterogeneity of soil moisture on wetland
Perhaps all further technical comment might be	community". It may reflect the potential trend in
forestalled if I simply point-out this paper's	field, because it need longer time to monitor the
subject matter might be better suited to "Journal	potential variation of soil moisture by time.
of Vegetation Science", or "Arctic, Antarctic and	Thirdly, in the revised text, we have revised it and
Alpine Research".	it should be "alpine meadow soil, which

corresponds to typical Cryrendoll according to
USDA soil classification".

Comments	Response/Actions
The importance of the research done is not	RE: Regarding the comment on the writing and
questionable. However, the methodology, the	structure of this paper, we have revised it by the
design and the way the result is presented is not	suggestions and comments of this reviewer.
sufficient enough to get published at this stage. I	
suggest the author to address the following issues	
and re-write the manuscript in a clear way.	
Abstract	RE: In revised text, we changed it as "Our
The abstract is well written. Only the last sentence	observation indicates that decreased soil moisture
of the abstract needs to be rewritten for more	potentially negatively impact on the alpine plant
clarity.	communities and soil properties.".
Introduction	RE: In revised text, we have revised them by
In line 24 (the first sentence of the paragraph),	these suggestions.
there is a term 'climate warming' and please	
change it to 'global warming' or use the	
appropriate term.	
The unit of temperature is not correctly written in	
some places (see line 2 of page 7143).	
Shorten some of the long sentences (one sentence	
has 6 lines from line 6-13 in page 7143).	
It would be more appropriate to use the term 'soil water' than 'soil moisture'.	
Methodology	RE: In revised text, we revised some writing and
It would be good to use a consistent unit system,	added some details on soil sampling, and
preferably SI units. The sentence in line 13 on	laboratory analysis. The units were revised by SI
page 7146 seems to have a type about the number	units, the soil sample by the bucket auger
of quadrants.	(diameter is 5 cm and length is 10 cm), the
Generally this section needs a revision to correct	laboratory analysis were conducted by the
the sentences.	methods introduced by the paper Wu et al. (2009),
The gravimetric analysis of soil water is not	so we do not repeated description them more.
described in detail for example the size of the	Wu, G.L., Du, G.Z., Liu, Z.H. and Thirgood, S.:
soil sample (length and diameter).	Effect of fencing and grazing on a
Detail description of the laboratory analysis is	Kobresia-dominated meadow in the
missed for most of the soil properties.	Qinghai-Tibetan Plateau, Plant Soil, 319,
	115-126, 2009.
Result and Discussion	RE: In revised text, we have revised it as "Soil
In section 3.2, it is reported that the water content	water content on a weight basis were ranged from
ranges from 17.6 to 103.3%. A volumetric water	17.6 to 103.3 % in the upper layer (depth of 0-10

content cannot be that much high, so it has to be	cm) and from 113.1 to 16.5 % in the lower layer
checked or if the unit is different, it has to be	(depth of 10-20 cm) for fifteen sampling sites.".
clear. It would be better to present water content	Because we only sampled and weighted and
in m3 m 3 or kg kg 1 with the bulk density of	calculated on a weight basis during the
the soil. I suggest to add the bulk density of the	experiment process, and do not measure soil bulk
soils. This section is generally hard to follow and	density, so, we have to do the analysis by the
needs more work.	weight basis and describe the results by the data
	of soil water content on weight. In addition, we
	have revised the results and discussions sections
	in revised text.

Comments	Response/Actions
I requested another revision. See below,	RE: We would like to thank Dr. Donatella Zona
reviewer's comment:	for his positive review of this manuscript. We
In their paper 'Above- and below-ground	have addressed her specific comment and
response to soil moisture change on an alpine	technical correction. On her perplexity on
wetland ecosystem in the Qinghai-Tibetan	sampling once, we must declared that it is
Plateau, China', Wu et al. study vegetation	difficult to sampled in this area and we must pay a
characteristics along gradient of soil moisture in	high price for sampling and many places were
alpine ecosystems. As far as I understand from	difficult to reach; And, all these sampling sites
their paper they measured soil moisture content	were natural wetland area and there were scarcely
only once, namely at the occasion of vegetation	no grazing, meanwhile, all the samples sites are
and soil sampling. I doubt that this approach gives	open flat wetland area, basically there is no slope.
any information on how the factor moisture	Thirdly, in this paper, we used sequence
affects vegetation. First, the authors did not study	space-series variation of soil moisture to reflect
moisture change but soil moisture at different	potential time-series variation of soil moisture in
sites, making it impossible to relate factor and	alpine wetland community, by examining the
response as many other factors such as global	effects of spatial heterogeneity of soil moisture on
radiation, duration of snow coverage,	wetland community. Meanwhile, we selected a
management etc. which drive vegetation	number of plots and quadrats in each sampling
community and productivity may vary together	sites at the same time, to reflect characteristics of
with moisture. Second, they measured soil	sample sites (three plots (each plot was about 5×10^{3}
moisture only once. As soil moisture is one of the	10^3 m^2) in each selected site and three diagonal
most variable soil properties reliable information	sampling quadrats (1 m ²) per plot. Night quadrats
on soil moisture characteristics should provide a	were investigated and sampled in each studied
high resolution in time with time series of at least	site). But we do not to study its long-term
2-3 years and ideally also include soil water retention characteristics. Both information is	variation, because it is difficult to provide a high resolution in time with time series of at least 2-3
missing here, minimizing the scientific value of	years in this special area.
the manuscript.	years in uns special alea.
ule manuseript.	

Comments

After reading the reviewers' comment and consultation with the Biogeosciences editor for this Special issue, we decided that unfortunately your manuscript does not mean the minimum quality criteria necessary for publication in Biogeosciences.

All the reviewers, even if they recognized the importance of the topic and of the location of your study, had great difficulties in reading the manuscript, and expressed major concerns on the analysis performed by the authors (the results were defined as unreliable and questionable). Unfortunately, this could not be addressed in a revision, but only with a new submission of an extensively re-structured manuscript with better data collection. Still, we hope that the reviewers' comment will be helpful to the authors, Best regards, Donatella Zona

Response/Actions

RE: We agree with suggestions of reviewers on soil water content analysis, it is more appropriate using soil moisture content determined on a volume basis than on weight basis, however, it is difficult to measure for soil bulk density and volume in local field, especially in this special area, even in nearby county, there is difficult traffic conditions and we must reached some area by ride, and have no many required conditions. So we only sampled and weighted and calculated on a weight basis during the experiment process. So, we have to do the analysis by the weight basis. We hope to pay attention to this problem in studies in the future.