General comments:

The manuscript "Carbonate system buffering in the water masses of the Southwest Atlantic sector of the Southern Ocean during February-March 2008" by González-Dávila et al. describes the distribution of DIC, total alkalinity, pH and CFCs on a transect between Cape Town and 57°S. Patterns are explained in the context of hydrographic properties. The manuscript presents new data which brings new insights about the magnitude and timescale of CO_2 uptake by the Southern Ocean.

The authors use the data to estimate the buffering capacity of the water masses and present an estimate of when these water masses will be undersaturated with respect to aragonite, one of the currently most discussed questions in the marine carbon cycle community.

While the methods are state-of-the-art and the description of the carbonate system distribution is detailed, the last part "3.3 Sensitivity of carbonate system to increasing CO_2 " needs to be treated more carefully (see specific comments). After an attentive revision of language and style (abbreviations, units), I recommend the manuscript to be published in Biogeosciences.

Specific comments:

1. Page 436, Line 12: A_T and C_T are abbreviations which need to be explained before being used.

2. Page 436, Line 18: Ω_{arag} has not been defined.

3. Page 437, Line 18: It is not clear what you mean with buffer factors at this stage of the manuscript. They will not be explained until part 3.3. Use either "Revelle factor" or "the buffering capacity" or explain what you mean with buffer factors.

4. Page 438, Line 14f: the buffer capacity is the method to describe the sensitivity to the increase of CQ; it is enough to mention one of them here.

5. Page 439 2.2 pH measurements: indicate uncertainty associated with pH measurements.

6. Page 439, Line: 19: give reference to Andrew Dickson for CRMs.

7. State whether you corrected your measurements by the offset of the CRMs and if not, state why not. How often were they measured? Consider switching sections 2.3 and 2.4 as in 2.4 you explain the use of CRMs in more detail. This should come first.

8. Page 440, Line 12: NA_T needs to be written out before using the abbreviation.

9. Page 440, 2.5: Calcite and aragonite saturation states: State which constants you used in CO2SYS (for K1, K2, Ksp, KSO4).

10. Page 441, Line 13ff: following this definition (which is correct), you do not have data from the Weddell Gyre, as this starts south of 57°S. State that you have data from the subtropical domain, the ACC, and from the boundary region between ACC and Weddell Gyre/northern edge of Weddell Gyre.

11. Page 443, Line 1: Noth that A_T and C_T are not shown. I suggest to show at least C_T though as it is discussed in detail in the text.

12. Page 443, Line 19: Polar Front is mentioned for the first time here, do not use the abbreviation.

13. Page 444, Line 13: Where did you get the chlorophyll data from? Mention here or better in section 2.

14. Page 445, Line: 6: Did you use the equation within its definitions, i.e., did you only calculate A_r for SST < 20°C? The variations of A_T at 35°55'S are at SST > 20°C, aren't they? Hence it is not astonishing, that they differ from the calculated values. The upwelling of waters rich in A_T has already been discussed before, so this paragraph does not seem to bring any new information.

15. Page 446, Line 6ff: APF, UCDW, LCDW are not defined.

16. Page 446, Line 21: Where would CDW mix with Ice Shelf Water? Ice Shelf Water is found on the shelves and is further altered and mixed until it comes close to the ACC.

17. Page 447, Line 6: AAIW is not defined.

18. Page 447, Line 15: Please specify what you mean with South Atlantic here.

19. Page 447, Line 23: delete sentence, was already written in Line 17/18.

20. Page 448, Lines 3-8 and Figure 3: CFC-12 values > 0.07 pmol/kg cannot be distinguished in Figure 3. Also A_T and C_T values south of the Sbdy cannot be read. Color shading would help.

The following points concern page 449ff, 3.3 Sensitivity of carbonate system:

21. It is not entirely clear how changes in Ω , [H+], and [CO₂] are calculated. An equation and the initial values of [CO2] and [H+] that you use for the calculations should be given.

22. Be aware of your regional constraints. On p. 450, Line 14 you say "South of 55°S...", and later on, Line 19: "at high Southern Ocean latitudes". South of 55°S you only have data until 57°S. This should be made clear here and speculations about what happens further south should be marked as hypotheses.

23. You assume a 10 µmol/kg increase in C_T and cite ESTOC data. While these are certainly high-quality data, I suggest to use data of the same region to be more realistic. A decadal estimate on the Prime Meridian was done by Hauck et al. 2010, JGR, doi:10.1029/2009JC005479. The estimate should be put into perspective with other Southern Ocean studies on temporal C_T increase (e.g. Levine et al., 2008, DOI: 10.1029/2007JC004153 ; Sabine et al., 2008, JGR, DOI: 10.1029/2007JC004577 ; Metzl 2009, DSR II, doi:10.1016/j.dsr2.2008.12.007), i.e., a range of possible yearly C_T increases should be used instead of one number and this will also result in a range of years when the surface ocean will be undersaturated. Further south, C_T increase can be considerably lower, compare e.g., Hauck et al. 2010, JGR, doi:10.1029/2009JC005479 and McNeil et al., 2010, GRL, doi:10.1029/2010GL044597, therefore you should include lower values into your range.

24. Please clearify how you calculated year 2045 as the year in which the surface ocean will be undersaturated with respect to aragonite. With the equation: Ω (dt) = Ω _initial+d_{cT}/ ω _{cT}* Ω _initial and

 $\Omega_{initial} = 1.47$

 $\label{eq:dCT} dCT = 1 \ \mu mol/kg/year \ * \ dt \\ dt = 1:50 \ years \\ \omega CT = -0.12*1e3 \ \mu mol/kg$

I get undersaturation after 39 years after 2008, i.e., 2047. Would it make a difference if you would calculate the buffer factor again each year or each ten years?

25. The buffer factors don't have any unit until page 450, Line 10, it's important to know that they are in mmol/kg though, please add when they are first mentioned.

26. Page 450, Line 10: You probably mean ω_{CT} instead of Ω . Add unit.

27. Page 451 – Conclusions: Do not use abbreviations in the conclusions or define them again within this section.

Figures

Figure 1: What does C.I=0.2 m mean? Define unit of color coding (label colorbar). What do the dotted Lines mean? Black letters are hard to read on dark blue. The ship is very hard to see.

Figure 2: Mark the Agulhas rings.

Figure 3: $pH_{T,25}$ is not in µmol/kg. (see comment (20) above: CFC-12 values > 0.07 pmol/kg cannot be distinguished in Figure 3. Also A_T and C_T values south of the Sbdy cannot be read. Color shading would help.)

Figures 3-5: Label y-axis (depth in m).

Figure 5: Give units and use ω_{CT} instead of Ω_{CT} . Same for A_T .

Technical corrections

p. 436, Line 6 (and throughout the manuscript): pHin situ

General use of tenses: present tense should be used to report background that is already established. Use past tense to describe results of a specific experiment, especially your own.

- p. 436, Line 7: were observed
- Line 8: was at a minimum

Line 8ff: stick to one tense within the sentence (past as it is one of your results)

Line 10: nutrients / nutrient concentrations

- Line 10 Do you mean: spread out across the fronts?
- Line 16: revealing that mixing with ... took place / that it was mixed with...
- Line 18: carbonate concentrations.
- Line 19: polar front or Polar Front

Line 20: substitute $_{n}\Omega_{arag} = 1^{"}$ by "the aragonite saturation horizon" deepens

Line 22: Buffer coefficients related ... had minima in the Antarctic Intermediate Water ... (delete: showed the minimum values are found)

Line 25: decrease pH and carbonate saturation states (delete: the)

- Line 27: undersaturated with respect to aragonite
- p. 437, Line 7: delete "ocean": Since preindustrial times, uptake of CO_2 has
- Line 8: ions ... latitudes being one ...
- Line 10: delete: been observed to have
- Line 11: decline by around 0.3 until the year 2100.

Line 13: undersaturation

- Line 16: suggest that wintertime Souterh Ocean aragonite undersaturation
- Line 18: total inorganic carbon concentration

Line 27: surface layer (not layers)

Line 28: showed that

Page 438, Line 2: ... cycling, **compared to temperature driven differences in solubility** or biological processes.

Line 12: southwest

- Line 13: ... work is to ... carbonate system
- Line 14: ... defining their buffer ...
- Line 17: southwest
- Line 17 and throughout the manuscript: no space between ° or ' and S: 33°58S
- Line 20: completed on 17
- Line 26: pH on the total scale

Page 439, Line 3: pH from 1609 samples, from 1559 samples for A_T and from 1504 samples for C_T.

Line 7: and were overfilled

- Line 8: At shallow stations and when samples could ...
- Line 12: We measured pH on the total scale (pH_T) at a constant temperature of 25°C.

Line 17: standardized

Line 19f: ... certified reference material for oceanic ... titration system. Measurements of CRMs were within \dots .

Page 440, Line 3: titration of total dissolved (delete "the")

Line 5: each new titration cell

- Line 6: (once a day), in total 31 CRMs were analyzed.
- Line 7: We measured 1996.0 ...

Line 9: temperature at which C_T is determined which was 25°C in our case.

Line 9f: Raw data were corrected for this offset by multiplying with the factor ...

Line 15: delete: "degree of"

Line 16: as the product of the calcium and carbonate ion concentrations at in situ ...

Line 21: from salinity (delete "the")

Page 441, Line 2: hydrocast

Line 13: divided into three

Line 17: frontal systems were described

Line 23: substitute "correlated" by "accompanied"; surface **dissolved inorganic carbon concentrations** (Fig. 2).

Page 442, Line 1: By using Sea Surface ... (SSS) data from this work ...

Line 2: south

Line 7: from

Line 8: north

Line 8ff: I don't understand the sentence.

Line 13: was injected into the region

Line 14: ... Bank) as is proven both by ...

Line 18: Bank

Line 19: dropped

Line 20: fell

Line 21: were found to be related ... centered at 40°S

Line 24: delete: "the pH_T at 25°C,"

Line 25: increased pH_{T,25} (delete "the")

Line 28: pH_{T,25} increased (delete "the")... 8.00, following the ...

Line 29: Total alkalinity is strongly correlated with salinity.

Page 443, Line 1: from ... to ... at the N-STF. ... dropped ...

Line 3: delete: "area"

Line 6: delete: "important", "clearly" . "upwelling" instead of "mixing"? ... deep **CO₂-rich** waters takes place ... overcompensa**tes**

Line 13: dropped

Line 14: fell

Line 15: decreased by

Line 16: dropped

Line 17: increased

Line 19f: There were only weak surface ...

Line 25: decreased

Line 26: increased

Line 26ff: The position of ... is seen more precisely in the pH gradient, pH_{T,25} decreased ...

Line 28: increased

Page 444, Line 1f: In the region studied, the southern boundary of the ACC is located at 55°xx.

Line 8: deep and salty water

Line 9: western part of the Weddell Gyre to the Prime Meridian

Line 12: deep waters rich in alkalinity

Lines 13, 15, 17, 24, 25, 29: **pH**_{T,in situ}

Line 16: a mean $pH_{T,in situ}$ value

Line 18: subtropical zone with fCO₂

Line 25: fCO_2 was at a maximum and $pH_{T,in situ}$ was at a minimum

Line 26: implies that

Line 26ff: EITHER:... takes place ... are located ... spreads out across the fronts ... increases ... decreases OR: took place ... were located ... spread out across the fronts ... increased ... decreased

Line 27: CO₂-rich (low pH and high nutrient) water

Line 28: nutrient input

Line 29f: was observed south of 40°S at the southern ...

Page 445, Line 2: was detected together

Line 3f: of a chemical ... which was over at the time of sampling (... was...)

Line 5: area between 30°S and 70°S

Line 11: were

Line 15: delete "the"; is

Page 446, Line1f: south, north

Line 9f: UCDW is characterized by a $pH_{\tau,25}$ as low as 7.56 (... low oxygen...) and LCDW by high salinity ... ().

Line 11: Both Circumpolar Deep Water masses ... by maxima ...

Line 16: NC_T in the range of xxx .

Line 19: Circumpolar Deep Water masses ... waters coming from ...

Line 24: Weddell Sea Deep Water

Line 25: We found a $pH_{T,25}$ value of 7.62 and C_T around xxx ... in WSDW.

Line 26: Close to the seafloor ...

Line 29: characterized by (instead of presenting)

Page 447, Line 1: and higher pH_{T,25} values (7.63) than in WSDW.

Line 8: AAIW in this region is characterized by low $pH_{T,25}$ levels, ranging between 7.65 and 7.68 ...

Line 11: where it met

Line 10: Cape Basin

Line 11f: In the Cape Basin, salinity values were 0.2 units higher and temperature was 2°C warmer than ...

Line 12f: AAIW had also a higher dissolved inorganic carbon content, ranging

Line 14: in the Cape Basin

Line 17: delete "level"

Line 19ff: The present variety corresponds to the eastern NADW pathway, that has crossed ... (Arhan ...). It is usually found in the Cape Basin and north of the SAF. It is characterized by salinity maxima higher than 34.83.

Line 29: are in the range of xxx

Page 448, Line 5: (...), **north of** 36°S.

Line 6ff: shown above south of the Sbdy, indicating that AABW \dots and is being diluted with the overlying \dots south \dots north

Line 9: aragonite

Line 10: The isoline of Ω_{cal} =2 ...

Line 13: ... for the **isoline of** Ω_{arag} = 1.2

Line 18: The aragonite saturation horizon is at 1000 m ... (substitute Ω_{arag} = 1 by "the aragonite saturation horizon" throughout the manuscript)

Line 19: ... eddy M. (delete "effect")

Line 21: shoaled

Page 449, Line 3: continue to affect

Line 4ff: ... we used the experimental data to compute the fractional... induced by changes in...

Line 8: ... ocean to hamper/delay changes in carbonate chemistry

Line 10 (and throughout the manuscript): Don't start a sentence with an abbreviation: The capacity of a chemical system to buffer changes in [H⁺] after the addition ... is denominated β_{H} .

Line 11: Low values ... (delete "indices")

Line 13 and thoroughout the mansucript: seven (write out numbers between one and twelve)

Line 22: ... section, A_T ... (delete "the")

Page 450, Line1: were observed

Line 2f: were found ... were located

Line 9: saturation states

Line 15: ... would increase [CO₂] (delete "the") by 7.1%, and [H⁺] (delete "the")

Line 21f: was reported ... a period of ten years (delete "only")

Line 24: ... by 2045 surface waters south of ...

Page 451, Line 2: The objective of this study was ...

Line 11: In other areas, pH and fCO₂ were ...

Line 13: a mean pH value

Line 16: were presented

Line 17: was governed

Line 19: was identified (delete "well") ...

Line 20f: In the Cape Basin area...

Line 23: ... depths two (delete "the") NADW branches were defined.

Line 23ff: The first one corresponds to the eastern NADW pathway with low CFC-12 concentrations (<0.02 pmol kg⁻¹).

Line 27: in the range of 0.08 ...

Page 452, Line 1: delete "also"

Line 2f: We could differentiate two varieties of circumpolar deep water.

Line 5: maxima

Line 7: substitute "climate change" by "changes in carbonate chemistry"

Line 7ff: Eight buffer indices **that relate** changes in C_T and A_T **to changes in** $[CO_2]$, $[H^+]$ and calcium carbonate saturation states showed low values, **i.e.**, low ...sensitive ... increase **of** CO_2 .

Line 10f: The lowest values were observed in the 1000-1500 ...

Line 11: These depth ranges correspond to ...

Line 13: ... decreases in pH (delete "the") ... calcium carbonate saturation states

Line 15: We predicted that ...