

# Interactive comment on "Increase of dissolved inorganic carbon and decrease of pH in near surface waters of the Mediterranean Sea during the past two decades" by Liliane Merlivat et al.

#### Anonymous Referee #2

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In this manuscript, Merlivat et al. report on measurements of fCO2 during two 3-year windows whose midpoints are 18 years apart with samples taken adjacent locations in the Mediterranean Sea. They then combine those measurements with total alkalinity derived from measured temperature and salinity to compute DIC and pH. Because their derived DIC increase is larger than expected from equilibrium with atmospheric CO2, the authors invoke lateral transport of anthropogenic DIC from the Atlantic to the Mediterranean Sea to explain the difference.

#### GENERAL COMMENTS

The authors report on quality measurements of fCO2, the fruit of decades of investe-

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ment to develop and deploy the CARIOCA buoys with fCO2 sensors. They use the same measurement system for all measurements, thus allowing an assessement of the total change in ocean fCO2 between the 2 time periods that seems as precise as can be hoped for. Yet despite the quality of the measurements, my impression is that the uncertainties are underestimated when the authors discuss temporal changes in measured fCO2 as well as derived DIC and pH. This impression comes partly from the authors' choice to represent uncertainties as the standard error of the mean rather than the standard deviation. Their estimated uncertainties for the difference between these two time periods is usually much smaller than the best measurement precision. For more about my concerns on the uncertainty analysis of the authors, please see the detailed comments below, e.g., those labeled line 214, lines 243-248, line 296, and line 320.

An even greater concern is that the authors assume that the total temporal change is entirely anthropogenically driven. They do not consider the potential contribution from natural variability (see detailed comments below for the section commenting on 'lines 44-46:'). Because of these two concerns, it appears to me that the manuscript may well require in-depth revisions before it is acceptable for publication.

### DETAILED COMMENTS

lines 44-46: This statement from the authors in the introduction is an important one, making the point that there is large natural variability. Why then do they neglect to consider that natural decadal scale variability may explain part of the change between 1995-1997 and 2013-2017. In the North Atlantic, for instance it has been shown that because of decadal variability it requires 25 years for the long-term trend to emerge (McKinley et al, 2011). In the North Pacific, about half of the change in near surface ocean pH over a 15-year period has been ascribed to natural (non-anthropogenic) contributions (Byrne et al., 2010). In the Southern Ocean, early studies suggested a weaking of the Southern Ocean CO2 uptake, but more recent work with 30-year perspective indicates a tendency in the opposite direction, with such oscillations being ascribed in

part to natural variability (Lanschutzer, 2015). In contrast to these studies, the authors do not consider any contribution of natural decadal variability in their interpretation, assigning the measured and estimated changes entirely to an anthrogenically forced trend. The change between the 2 points in time, even if they represent 3-year averages as in this study by Merlivat et al., are also likely to be affected by natural variability.

lines 53-55: - please add "over extended periods" after air-water interface - please delete "related to the absorption of increasing atmospheric CO2 concentration" or nuance the message so as not to neglect natural variability.

lines 58-59: - please delete the commas just after "temperature" and just after "salinity" as these confuse the listing, making it appear longer that it is. You may also want add parentheses around 'T' and 'S', although I don't think that is necessary.

lines 76-77:

- Can you provide references to support your statement that the Ligurian current isolates the two stations from coastal inputs. I would expect that eddies and jets would allow some transfer of heat, salt, momentum, and chemical species from coastal waters to the open Mediterranean Sea, even if that transfer is not occurring immediately adjacent to the two sampling sites.

- You could strengthen your case that the 2 stations (BOUSSOLE and DYFAMED) sample the same water mass by showing carbonate system measurements as well as T and S taken at the same time at both stations.

line 83: change "They" to "Both"

lines 96-98: - add "K1 and K2" before "dissociation constants" - Why do the authors choose to use the K1 and K2 from Dickson and Millero (1987) even though the first author of the paper, when asked, suggests that there is a mistake in those formulations? I think it would be better to use K1 and K2 from Lueker et al. (2000), which is recommended for best practices (Dickson et al., 2007).

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line 106: This sentence could be ambiguous. Are you referring to the standard deviation of the all 56 samples? Please clarify.

line 110: The authors use the term "fCO2@13" before it has been defined. Would it not be simpler just to delete "and fCO2@13" and get to the details later.

lines 120-121: The fCO2 is also a function of total dissolved inorganic phosphorus and silicon, when computed from DIC and total alkalinity, although in the oligotrophic surface waters of the Med Sea those nutrient concentrations are negligible and do not contribute significantly.

line 123: Did Takahashi et al. (1993) study the Med Sea? If not, how do you make the connection.

line 130: change "decay of" to "decline in"

line 131: You could improve sentence flow by adding add "the ensuing" before "increase.

lines 134-135: The authors should provide evidence for their statement that the contribution of the air-sea flux is insignificant.

line 140: change "15th to 26th" to "15 to 26".

line 142: The meaning of "Likewise" is not clear. Please modify sentence to clarify your meaning.

line 201: The word "monotonous" means "boring" in English, perhaps not what was intended. I would suggest to use "monotonic" instead.

line 214: - By "standard error" I presume that the authors are using the 'standard error of the mean', the latter 3 words which should be added to make it clearer to readers. - I have several problems with the authors' choice to use the standard error of the mean (SE) in this case.

\* First it gives the wrong impression that the uncertainty of these calculations is small (1.7  $\mu$ atm), even lower than the precision of individual fCO2 measurements (3  $\mu$ atm). Because the SE is the standard deviation divided by the square root of N, it is nearly 5 times smaller than the standard deviation in this case (N=24, Table 1).

\* Second, the result for the SE will also depend on the authors' arbitrary choice for the scale.

\* Third, even if the SE were appropriate, I do not understand how the authors get N=24 for the 'daily scale' mentioned in Table 1.

\* Fourth, The use of SE in the right hand portion of Table 1 is at least visually inconsistent with the use of the standard deviation for each of the time periods shown in the left and center portions of the same table. I would stongly recommend that the authors simply use the standard deviation at least in Table 1. If the authors insist on using SE, I would ask that they also provide the standard deviation in addition to the SE and that they statistically justify the use of the SE while explaining their choices in detail (e.g., N=24). There have been comments in scientific journals about the misuse of SE being a common practice. The SE could perhaps be used correctly here if well justified, but it can also mislead readers.

line 215: The text says that "fCO2@13 is evenly distributed \*in\* the whole range of temperature". I am not sure I understand. It is seen in Table 1 that fCO2@13 varies from 19 to 45. Please clarify this sentence.

line 217: Change "2 last decades" to "last two decades".

lines 228: You say that pH is on the seawater scale but later you use pHT, meaning it is on the total scale. Please clarify.

line 231: The text says, "We used these sensitivity factors to compute the increase in DIC, ..." It is not clear why you need these sensitivity factors. Can you not simply compute DIC and pH for both time periods then take the difference?

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line 232: The numbers for the increase in DIC are given with too many significant figures.

Table 2: The numbers for dfCO2 and dDIC are given with 4 significant figures, much too much. The number of significant figures gien in the paper is often too many. The authors should carefully go over the reported numbers and reduce to a justifiable number of significant figures in every case.

lines 243-248: - Please inform the reader what the error bars are reporting, standard deviation or standard error of the mean. - There is insufficient information about how 'atmospheric fCO2' was calculated from atmospheric xCO2. Did the authors make a humidity correction, which can change numbers by a few percent? Nothing along those lines was mentioned. How much of a difference would there be if the authors did not assume that the atmospheric pressure is 1 atm. Did they make the xCO2-tofCO2 conversion on a monthly basis and then take an annual average? Currently it seems they are making only an annual-mean calculation. Would results differ? - The error esimate appears to be too small for the change in fCO2 at the sea surface at 18.25°C. It is smaller than the measurement precision for individual fCO2 measurements. - My overall impression is that the authors may well be underestimating the uncertainties, especially concerning the change in oceanic fCO2 between 1995-1997 and 2013-2015. Even if estimates of fCO2ocn for each of those 3-year periods can be made to within 3 µatm, the 2-sigma error bars for oceanic and atmospheric fCO2 would overlap. Furthermore, there has been no discussion of potential systematic errors nor their potential for evolution over time.

line 253: Such numbers should be given to at most one decimal point.

lines 290-291: - Delete "It is thus interesting to notice that". - Change "impact significantly" to "significantly affect".

line 296: I find that the error bar of +/-1.3  $\mu$ mol/kg for the temporal change in DIC to be much too small. It is less than half of the measurement precision quoted by the authors.

These estimates are given to 4 significant figures when indeed it is not really justified to report them to better than 2 significant figures. The same holds for the numbers regported on line 298.

line 320: The uncertainty given for the annual average change in pH over the 18-year period is very small (0.0001) compared to estimates from other sites (aroung 0.0006). How do you explain this? Once again, it seems related to your use of SE instead of the standard deviation. The SE is misleading.

lines 337-338: Please provide support for this final sentence.

line 343: The authors need to bring up long-term (decadal) variability which is not addressed in this manuscript because sampling occured only over two 3-year windows and because a longer time series beyond 18 years may well be necessary.

line 348: The model study from Palmieri et al does not suggest a 15% contribution but rather a 25% contribution. Furthermore that model-based estimate is based on the anthropogenic carbon inventory in the Med Sea not on an estimated surface concentration of anthropogenic DIC. The relationship between the surface concentration and the vertical integral of the concentration (inventory) may not be one to one, and the difference between the two should be dstinguished in this study.

Global changes:

- Please make global changes so that there is always a space between all numbers and their units, e.g., 5  $\mu$ atm, not 5 $\mu$ atm (line 98) and "3 m and 10 m" instead of "3m and 10m" (line 146).

- Please be consistent in your use of the abbreviation to represent total dissolved inorganic carbon. Sometimes you use DIC; other times you use TCO2. Actually, I would prefer to see the more modern abbreviation of CT, with T given as a subscript. For consistency, I would further recommend to use AT (with T also subscripted) for total alkalinity.

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- Often citations in the text are provided with the wrong format. For example on lines 126-127 it says "using the equation of [Takahashi et al., 1993]". The square brakets are misplaced. If you are using the LaTeX template with BibTeX for Biogeosciences, this problem is easily fixed (use \citet instead of \citep).

## REFERENCES

Byrne, R. H., Mecking, S., Feely, R. A., & Liu, X. (2010). Direct observations of basinâĂŘwide acidification of the North Pacific Ocean. Geophysical Research Letters, 37(2).

Dickson, A. G., Sabine, C. L., and Christian, J. R.: Guide to best practices for ocean CO2 measurements, PICES Special Publication 3, 191 pp., 2007.

Landschützer, P., N. Gruber, F. Alexander Haumann, C. Rödenbeck, D. C. E. Bakker, S. van Heuven, Mario Hoppema, N. Metzl, C. Sweeney, T. Takahashi, B. Tilbrook, R. Wanninkhof (2015). The reinvigoration of the Southern Ocean carbon sink. Science, 349(6253), 1221-1224.

McKinley, G. A., Fay, A. R., Takahashi, T., & Metzl, N. (2011). Convergence of atmospheric and North Atlantic carbon dioxide trends on multidecadal timescales. Nature Geoscience, 4(9), 606.

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