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Interactive comment

## Interactive comment on "The influence of soil properties and nutrients on conifer forest growth in Sweden, and the first steps in developing a nutrient availability metric" by Kevin Van Sundert et al.

**Anonymous Referee #2** 

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General comments The authors aim to improve an existing nutrient availability metric for forest ecosystems. They present their results well-structured and clearly. A nutrient availability metric would definitely be of great importance, however, the paper has two major drawbacks: 1. In the introduction the authors write that they aim at developing a globally valid metric while using data from Sweden only. It should be clarified that the upgraded metric is only valid for Sweden. Possibly, a global metric is not achievable at all, since nutrient availability is not limited by the same factors in different ecosystems worldwide. Hence, a metric for Sweden might be usable for other boreal, but not

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for tropical ecosystems. These considerations should be discussed. 2. The performance of the metric is bad. Instead of discussing the – non-existing – relationships, the authors should rather discuss the possible reasons for the failure of the metric. One possible reason is data quality. The authors should describe the soil sampling design and the methods used for chemical analyses. Inventory data might not be suitable to find relationships between parameters even though they exist, because (soil) variability would require a large number of replications, which is often not affordable in inventories.

Specific comments I. 17 The coefficients of determination are that poor that you should not write "Normalized productivity increased with decreasing soil C:N ratio, while SOC exhibited an empirical optimum." I. 21 The coefficient of determination of the upgraded metric is still poor and should not be called "a significant fraction". I. 34 and I. 36 "among terrestrial ecosystems" and "global scale" is misleading. You should clarify that in the present paper only Sweden is considered. I. 47 "are more indicative" to what and for what? I. 48 What is meant with "the size of the soil solution"? I. 57 to 60 Yes! Perhaps the fact that a global metric might not be achievable at all, since nutrient availability is not limited by the same factors in different ecosystems worldwide, should be discussed here, too. I. 78 to 84 If the goal is a "global metric", data from the Swedish forest inventory service do not represent "a substantial variation in nutrient availability". Which were the additional variables? P? I. 89 Here you restrict your results on Swedish forests - you should already earlier mention that your goal is a metric for Sweden - not a global metric. I. 94 to 134 List all the parameters (soil, tree/productivity, climate/meteorology) and explain how they were measured. I. 121 to 130 Explain in more detail how the scores were derived and what you can find in the look-up tables. I. 137 to 138 You should state that you call the two alternative ways to calculate normalized productivity "method 1" and "method 2" in the following. I. 138 Name the advantages and drawbacks. I. 179 Is "method 1" referring to the method used to calculated the normalized productivity? I. 193 to 200 You used half of the dataset from southern Sweden to upgrade the metric and tested the upgraded metric

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that R2 is the same for all three regions for the parameters SOC, N stock, sand, clay

and pHKCl? This is quite unrealistic and the data shown in Figure 5 (SOC) lead to the assumption that R2 of the North is largest and that of the South smallest. In line 226 to 227 you write that the effect becomes more pronounced towards the south (C:N), however, in Figure 5 the relationship is worse for the south than for the other regions and a larger R2 – as written in Table 2 – seems to be quite unrealistic. Table 4 and 5 The coefficients of determination are similar and do not point on a better implementation of the parameters in the upgraded metric. Figure 1 I have problems understanding the legend of Figure 1.

Technical corrections I. 12 ...to test which combination of soil factors... I. 63 to 64 rephrase this sentence to avoid the twofold use of "recent(ly)" I. 96 explain the abbreviations I. 118 mass stock [kg m-2]; if really the mass is meant, the formula is wrong I. 157 "we therefore we split" delete one "we" I. 164 "SOC" – stock or content? "Total N" – total N content? "N stock" – total N stock? I. 167 Name the software used.

Please also note the supplement to this comment: https://www.biogeosciences-discuss.net/bg-2017-372/bg-2017-372-RC2-supplement.pdf

Interactive comment on Biogeosciences Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2017-372, 2017.

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