

Interactive comment on “Impact of elevated precipitation, nitrogen deposition and warming on soil respiration in a temperate desert” by Ping Yue et al.

Ping Yue et al.

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Received and published: 6 February 2018

Reviewer2 Anonymous Referee #2 Received and published: 18 January 2018 This manuscript studied the effects of elevated precipitation, N deposition and warming on soil respiration in a temperate desert. This study was well designed, the manuscript was also well written and the results are interesting, which have important implications on the climate change feedback of soil respiration in the temperate desert. I recommend this manuscript to be accepted with minor revision. The major comments are as follows. 1. Line 134, what is the principle for the increased temperature caused by OTC? How much temperature can be increased by this OTC? Response: The principle

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of an OTC warming is to heat the air in an OTC system through solar radiation, and the OTC system has an effect of windshield, so the temperature in OTC was increased. The air temperature was increased by about 1 °C on average, and the average annual soil temperatures at 5 and 20 cm depth were significantly increased by 4.41 and 3.67 °C, respectively (Fig. 1a). An additional sentence was added in the revision. Please see lines 195-196. 2. Lines 141-144, did the R_s measured in this study also include the above-ground respiration of the plants? It seems that there were no measures to exclude the aboveground respiration. Response: Yes, R_s measured in this study also include parts of the above-ground respiration of the plants but only from April to May. Because ephemeral plants grow only during this period. In addition, the ephemeral plants are very sparse, and cover only 20-30% of total area, so the above-ground respiration of the plants was relatively weak.

3. Lines 166-167, how to calculate the interactive effects of precipitation, N deposition and warming on R_s ? Response: The interactive effects of precipitation, N deposition and warming on R_s were calculated by the treatments between W1N1T1 plots and W0N0 plots. However, there were lack of interactive effects of N deposition and warming, so the interactive effects of precipitation, N deposition and warming on R_s were not calculated by repeated measures of variance analysis.

4. Line 195, it seems soil moisture was mainly affected by the elevated precipitation other than the interaction of precipitation, N deposition and warming. Response: Agreed and corrected, please see sentence in lines 198-199.

5. Fig.1 a and b, what were the seasonal variations for soil T and moisture? Response: The Fig.1a and b showed that the diurnal variation for soil T and moisture. We have added the seasonal variations for soil T and moisture in Fig 2b.

6. Fig. 4f, why the data number in Fig.4f is less than other figures in Fig. 4? Response: This is because soil pH in soil samples were only measured in several times.

7. Lines 232-239, did the thresholds be calculated using statistical method? Some

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minor comments: Response: The thresholds were re-analyzed or calculated using Nonlinear Regression (3D, Gaussian and Plane) as in Fig 2S and Fig 4f. We found that R_s was inhibited at high temperature and low humidity (soil temperature > 26.5 °C and soil moisture < 4.2 %), and low temperature and high humidity (soil temperature < 2.7 °C and soil moisture > 15.9 %). However, moderate soil temperature and moisture increased R_s (Fig. 2S). Therefore, it can be summarized as the response characteristics of R_s under different temperature and humidity ranges rather than the 'true' threshold. We have corrected a 'wrong' description on thresholds in the text, because of no particular accurate threshold by current statistical analysis. Please see lines 234-238.

8. Line 138, please use "the same as". Response: Agreed and corrected. Please see lines 139-140.

9. Page 6, please give the exact year when the experiments were conducted. Response: Agreed and done, please see line 114.

10. Lines 158-159, references for the MBC and MBN measurement should be given. Response: A reference has been added (line 400). Please see lines 160-161.

11. Line 160, can soil pH be measured using potassium dichromate method? It must be a mistake. Response: Thank you for correcting this mistake. We have corrected the wrong description. Please see lines 163-164.

12. Line 161, can't find the reference of Yue et al. (2016) in the reference list. Response: The reference of Yue et al. (2016) has been added in the reference list. Please see lines 517-518.

13. Fig.1 c and d, these figures should be enlarged. It's hard to see. Response: Agreed and done as suggested.

Interactive comment on Biogeosciences Discuss., <https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2017-465>, 2017.

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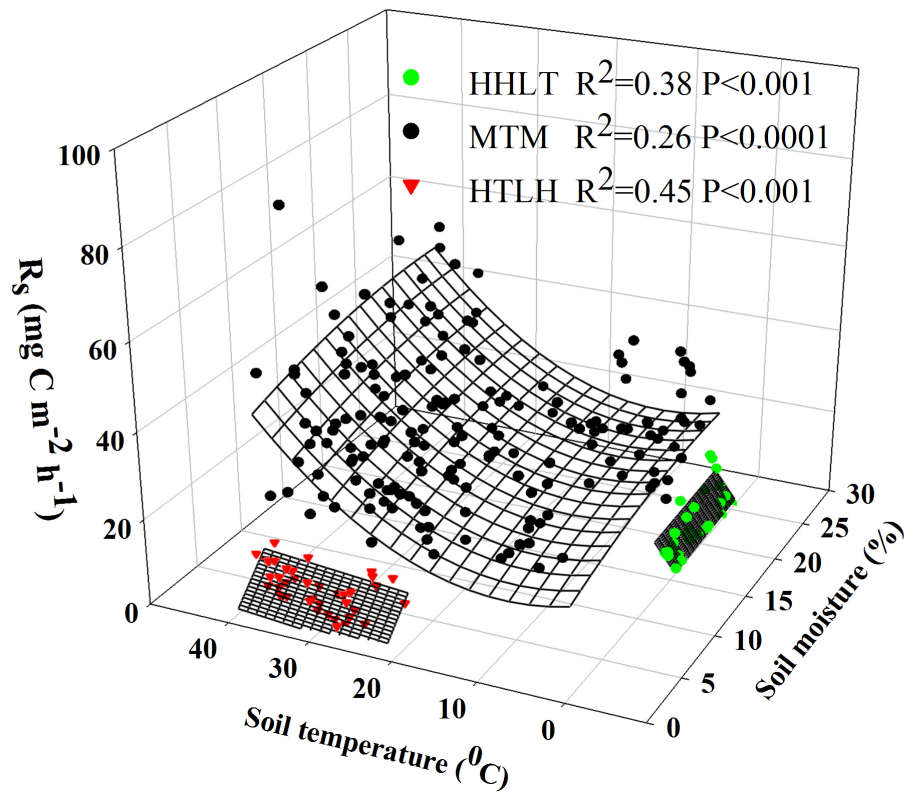


Fig. 1.