

# Interactive comment on "Understanding Mn-nodule distribution and related deep-sea mining impacts using AUV-based hydroacoustic sensing and optical observations" by Anne Peukert et al.

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Reviewer's comments for manuscript entitled 'Understanding Mn-nodule distribution and related deep-sea mining impacts using AUV-based hydroacoustic sensing and optical observations' Journal: Biogeosciences Authors: Peukert et al. A. General comments:

The manuscript deals with a detailed study on distribution of mn-nodules, associated bathymetry and impact of small-scale disturbance using ebibenthic sledge by high res-

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olution mapping and imaging techniques. The study throws light on important issues such as distribution patterns of mn-nodules on the seafloor in a restricted area and the likely impact. The results offer sound inferences and important conclusions towards understanding the nodule occurrences with the associated environment that can be used as key inputs for planning of mining operations.

B. Specific comments:

In order to improve the readability and content of the manuscript, following suggestions may be considered :

1. Page 1 - Title: Suggest making it sharper. Delete 'understanding' and 'sensing' from 'Understanding Mn-nodule distribution and related deep-sea mining impacts using AUV-based hydroacoustic sensing and optical observations'.

2. Page 4 – Study area (line 28-29): Introduce a map showing general location of the study area with latitude, longitude and depth contours to give a general perspective to the reader (these details are not required for the subsequent figures given in the manuscript).

3. Page 8 – AUV based bathymetry ....abundance (line 7) : The word 'abundance' signifies 'quantity of resource per unit area (Kg/sqm)' where as here the nodule occurrence is expressed in 'percentage'. So 'abundance' should be replaced with 'coverage'.

4. Page 8 – Large-scale variability (line 24) : The term 'large-scale variability' is misleading and suggest that it can be replaced with 'Macrotopographic variability'.

5. Page 10 - Fig. 5D : Mean size of nodule is given as 6.7 cm2, 15cm2, 17.4 cm2. 'Mean size' should be replaced with 'Mean area' as size cannot be expressed as square.

6. Page 11 – Small-scale variability (line 21) : The term 'small-scale variability' is misleading and suggest that it can be replaced with 'Microtopographic variability'.

7. Page 17 – Broad-scale correlation. .... (line 18) : Use of the term 'Broad scale ...' is confusing and may be replaced with 'Regional scale. ...' as it covers large area.

8. Page 17 - lines 25-28: Comment – Regional differences in nodule exposure (burial) could also be reason for this as nodules in Central Indian Ocean appear smaller due to more sediment cover as compared to those in the Pacific which could be due to differences in current velocities that influence settling of sediments.

9. Page 19 – Broad vs small scale : In cartography 'large (broad) scale' means representing small distances (area) and 'small scale' means covering larger distances (areas) for a given unit. To avoid any confusion for the reader, suggest that authors clarify the meaning of 'large scale' and 'small scale' or make necessary corrections (for example use the terms such as 'regional' and 'local').

10. Page 19-22 – Sediment plume resettling : This section is too long and without any breaks, so difficult to follow. Suggest that it could be divided into sub-sections with individual heading if possible and/or with paragraphs.

11. Page 22 - Conclusions - line 17 : Start new para from 'With respect to. ...'

C. Technical / editorial comments:

1. Editorial corrections have been made in the document as track changes (attached separately). Authors are requested to see the same and accept / reject as suitable. 2. At a few places where it is not clear, a question (?) mark is inserted in the text where the authors can make necessary corrections / additions as required. 3. A few general editorial corrections required are as follows: i. Apply superscript for '2 (square)' wherever required ii. All references should be in bracket / parenthesis including author and year eg. (Page 2 – line 7 : Purser et al. 2016; Vanreusel et al. 2016). iii. Shipbased and AUV based may be replaced with ship-borne and AUV-borne

D. Recommendation:

It is recommended that the paper is suitable for publication after carrying out necessary

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additions / corrections as suggested.

Interactive comment on Biogeosciences Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2017-506, 2017.

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Authors: Peukert et al.

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Fig. 1. Reviewer's comments

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	Understanding Mn-nodule distribution and related deep-sea mining impacts using AUV-based hydroacoustic sensing and optical observations
	Anne Peukert <sup>1</sup> , Timm Schoening <sup>1</sup> , Evangelos Alevizos <sup>1</sup> , Kevin Köser <sup>1</sup> , Tom Kwasnitschka <sup>1</sup> , and Jens Greinert <sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> /EE/MAR Hellenholz-Czener for Ocean Research Kiel, Wischhofstr. 1-3, 24148 Kiel, Germany <i>Correspondence as:</i> Jens Greinert (jgeinert@genut.de)
1	Abstract. Is this study ships and AUX based numbers data from the German Mascode livence area in the Clark- Clappento Zene (CZ) exeators Brelin's mailed by grand with data from optical imaging Disrogethe databased by an AUX ends seni quantitative sessements of nodels coverage at a spinit sexistion is the rarge of network. Tradher with high-nosition AUX budynersy this eventical coverage at a spinit sexistion is the marge of network research and the database of the AuX set of the AuX
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Fig. 2. Manuscript with track changes