## Different responses of CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and N<sub>2</sub>O fluxes to seasonally asymmetric warming in an alpine grassland of Tianshan Mountains

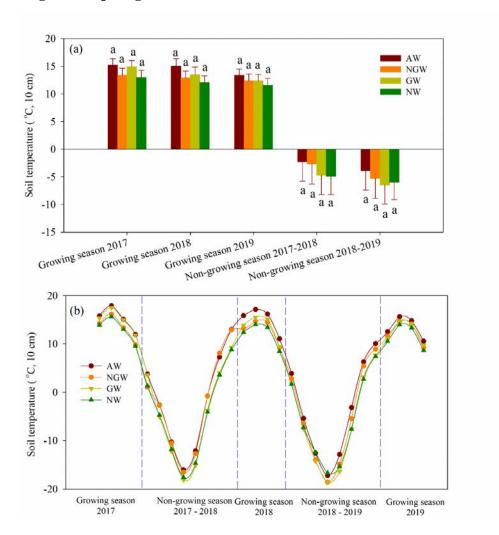


Figure S1 Variation in soil temperature (at 10-cm depth) under four treatments in alpine grassland from June 2017 to September 2019. AW, warming throughout the year; NGW, warming in nongrowing season only; GW, warming in growing season only; NW, non-warming. Significant differences among AW, NGW, GW and NW from analysis of variance (ANOVA) are denoted as bars within the same season with different lowercase letters, P < 0.05; data points are the mean  $\pm$  standard error.

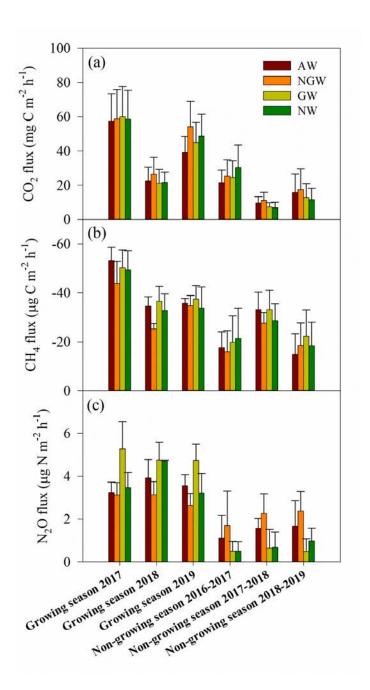


Figure S2 Variation in CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and N<sub>2</sub>O fluxes under four treatments in the growing season and nongrowing season from October 2016 to September 2019. AW, warming throughout the year; NGW, warming in the nongrowing season only; GW, warming in the growing season only; NW, non-warming. No significant differences among AW, NGW, GW, and NW were reported from ANOVA; data points are the mean  $\pm$  standard error

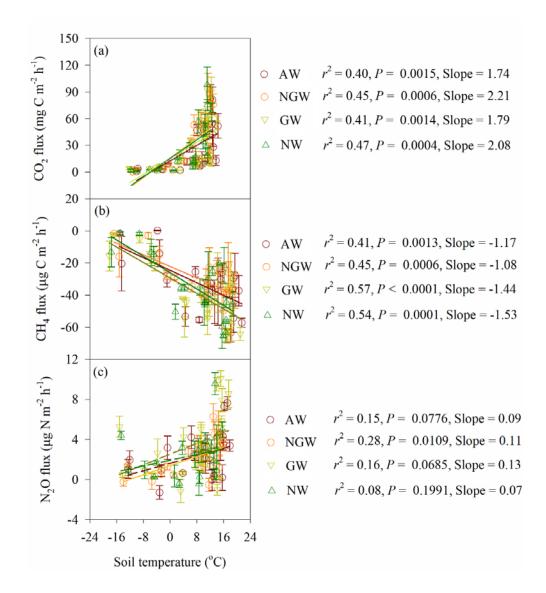


Figure S3 The relationship between CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O fluxes and soil temperature (at 10-cm depth) from October 2016 to September 2019. AW, warming throughout the year; NGW, warming in the nongrowing season only; GW, warming in the growing season only; NW, non-warming.