#### **Reply on RC1**

Huazu Liu et al.

# RC1

Overall, the idea of the study is interesting, however the major limitation is that it is based on only few grab samples (both soil and gas). Samples were collected once during low water level event and once during high water level event. Making conclusing about the ecosystem based on few samples is not sufficient. For example, Figure 1 shows regression analyses that is based on only few points and same goes with other figures as well. To understand the dynamics at an ecosystem level, a much larger amount of samples should be collected. First to see the seasonal dynamics and secondly to have a realizable amount of data for statistical analyses.

**Author's response:** We thank the anonymous referee#1 for the detailed reviews with relevant and constructive comments to improve the quality of the manuscript. The received recommendations were carefully considered and incorporated into the current version of the manuscript. We focused on the differences between nitrogen cycle during high and low water levels in ecosystem. Therefore, we monitored N<sub>2</sub>O emissions, vegetations and soil in the steady period after the change of water level. In addition, influenced by the Three Gorges Dam, the annual change of water level in the study area were very regular. As a result, the variations between years in the change of water level were very small. Although we set up three sampling sites at each vegetation zone in the study area, we collected as many samples as possible at each sampling site for statistical analysis. And we ensured that the distances between the sampling sites made less interference between the sites. We agreed the detailed review and comments which will be helpful in our future researches. A point-by-point response to comments was given below.

• Figure 1 - Photos have low quality. Location of the region would be nice to show.

#### Author's response:

Thanks for the correction; we have replaced a photo with high quality.

 Lines 115-120 - You inserted pedestal into the soil and then started to collect gas samples. How long was the stabilisation period because this could create relatively large distrubance to the soil? How many gas samples were used to calculated flux? How did you access the site during high flood to avoid soil distrubance? The size of the chambers?

# Author's response:

For the first sampling, we inserted the pedestal about 10cm into the soil. And we didn't take the pedestal to reduce the disturbance of subsequent samples. After the pedestal into the soil, we set a stabilization period of 30 minutes and a board to reduce soil disturbance from people (Wang, H. J., Wang, W. D., Yin, C. Q., Wang, Y. C., and Lu, J. W.: Littoral zones as the "hotspots" of nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O) emission in a hypereutrophic lake in China, Atmospheric Environment, 40, 5522-5527, 10.1016/j.atmosenv.2006.05.032, 2006.)(as shown in the figure below).



We shut down the ship's machinery in the study area and waited for an hour before sampling during high water level. Then, we let the chamber on the water for 30 minutes before collecting the gas. We used a 10m air pipe, which kept chamber as far away from the ship as possible to reduce disturbance (as shown in the figure below).



Seven gas samples were used to calculated flux in each sampling site. And three sampling sites were set in each vegetation zones.



We described the size of the chambers in the manuscript as following:

L116-117. "The volume of the upper chambers used during low water level was 0.028 m<sup>3</sup> (h = 40cm,  $\Phi = 30$ cm), and the volume of the pedestal was 0.011 m<sup>3</sup> (h = 15cm,  $\Phi = 30$ cm). And the volume of the chambers used during high water level was 0.018 m<sup>3</sup> (l = 40cm, w = 30cm, h = 15cm)."

• Line 135 - Statistical analyses: was the data normally distributed? And what tests were used to control that?

## Author's response:

We used KS-test to confirm that the data was normally distributed (as shown in the

figure below).

Low water level Hypothesis Test Summary					High water level Hypothesis Test Summary				
Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.	Decision		Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.	Decision	
The distribution of VAR00001 is normal with mean 0.44 and standard deviation 0.243.	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	.200 <sup>1,2</sup>	Retain the null hypothesis.	1	The distribution of VAR00002 is normal with mean 0.46 and standard deviation 0.321.	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	.200 <sup>1,2</sup>	Retain the null hypothesis	
Asymptotic significances are displa	yed. The signific:	ance level i	s .05.	A	symptotic significances are displa	yed. The signific	ance level is	.05.	
<sup>1</sup> Lilliefors Corrected				1	Lilliefors Corrected				
<sup>2</sup> This is a lower bound of the true significance.				2	<sup>2</sup> This is a lower bound of the true significance.				
Hypothesis Test Summary				_	Hypothesis Test Summary				
Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.	Decision		Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.	Decision	
The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	.166 <sup>1</sup>	Retain the null hypothesis.	1	The distribution of VAR00004 is normal with mean 22.82 and standard deviation 2.363.	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	.200 <sup>1,2</sup>	Retain the null hypothesis	
Asymptotic significances are displa	yed. The signific:	ance level i	s .05.	A	symptotic significances are displa	yed. The signific:	ance level is	.05.	
<sup>1</sup> Lilliefors Corrected				1	Lilliefors Corrected				
				2	This is a lower bound of the true si	gnificance.			
Hypothesis Test Summary					Hypothesis Test Summary				
11,000,000	, root outline	<b>y</b>				Test	<i>y</i>		
Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.	Decision		Null Hypothesis	lest	Sig.	Decision	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is normal with mean 31.72 and standard deviation 10.898.	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup>	Retain the null hypothesis.	1	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546.	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	<b>Sig.</b> .187 <sup>1</sup>	Decision Retain the null hypothesis	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is           normal with mean 31.72 and standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The significa	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level i:	Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	<b>1</b>	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis 3.05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is           1 normal with mean 31.72 and standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa           1 Lilliefors Corrected	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	1 A	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis \$ .05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is           normal with mean 31,72 and           standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa           'Lilliefors Corrected	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	1 A	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected	One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis 3 .05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is normal with mean 31.72 and standard deviation 10.896.           Asymptotic significances are displa 1Lilliefors Corrected           Hypothesia	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The significa s Test Summa	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level i: <b>ary</b>	Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	1 A	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected Hypothesia	ved. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is <b>ary</b>	Decision Retain the null hypothesis 3 .05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is normal with mean 31.72 and standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa 'Lilliefors Corrected           Hypothesis           Null Hypothesis	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig.	Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05. Decision	1 A	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected Hypothesis Null Hypothesis	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig.	Decision Retain the null hypothesis 0.05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa           'Lilliefors Corrected           Hypothesis           Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00007 is standard deviation 0.74 and standard deviation 0.70.	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smimov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smimov Test	Sig.           .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is           arry           Sig.           .200 <sup>1,2</sup>	Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis.	1 A 1	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected Hypothesis Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00008 is normal with mean 1.95 and standard deviation 0.778.	Cone-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test	Sig.           .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is           ary           Sig.           .067 <sup>1</sup>	Decision Retain the null hypothesis \$ .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa           'Lilliefors Corrected           Hypothesis           Null Hypothesis           In ormal with mean 074 and standard deviation 0.70.           Asymptotic significances are displa	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig. .200 <sup>1,2</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	1 A 1 1	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected Hypothesis Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00008 is normal with mean 1.95 and standard deviation 0.778. symptotic significances are displa	rest No-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig. .067 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis a.05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis a.05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa           'Lilliefors Corrected           Hypothesis           Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00007 is standard deviation 0.70.           Asymptotic significances are displa	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Sminnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Sminnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig. .200 <sup>1,2</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	1 A 1 1 A 1	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00008 is normal with mean 1.95 and standard deviation 0.778. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected	Cone-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig. .067 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null bypothesis a .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis a .05.	
Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00005 is standard deviation 10.898.           Asymptotic significances are displa           'Lilliefors Corrected           Hypothesis           Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00007 is standard deviation 0.070.           Asymptotic significances are displa           'Lilliefors Corrected	Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: anificance.	Sig. .125 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig. .200 <sup>1,2</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis. s .05.	1 A 1 1 A 1	Null Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00006 is normal with mean 43.50 and standard deviation 13.546. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected Hypothesis The distribution of VAR00008 is normal with mean 1.95 and standard deviation 0.778. symptotic significances are displa Lilliefors Corrected	Cone-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific: s Test Summa Test One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test yed. The signific:	Sig. .187 <sup>1</sup> ance level is ary Sig. .067 <sup>1</sup> ance level is	Decision Retain the null bypothesis a .05. Decision Retain the null hypothesis a .05.	
	Null Hypothesis           The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.           Asymptotic significances are displa 'Lilliefors Corrected <sup>2</sup> This is a lower bound of the true si Hypothesis           Null Hypothesis           1           The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.           Asymptotic significances are displa           1           Lilliefors Corrected	Null Hypothesis         Test           1         The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The signific- 1 Lilliefors Corrected           2         This is a lower bound of the true significance.           Hypothesis         Test           Null Hypothesis         Test           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The signific- 1 Lilliefors Corrected         The significances are displayed.	Null Hypothesis         Test         Sig.           The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorov.         .200 <sup>1,2</sup> Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is 'Lilliefors Corrected         The significance. <sup>2</sup> This is a lower bound of the true significance.         Hypothesis Test Summary         Sig.           In distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorov.         .1661           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is 'Lilliefors Corrected         .1661	Null Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorov.         .200 <sup>1.2</sup> Retain the null hypothesis.           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is .05.         1 <sup>1</sup> Lilliefors Corrected         2         2         1         Retain the null hypothesis.           Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision <sup>1</sup> Lilliefors Corrected         1         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smitnov Test         .166 <sup>1</sup> null hypothesis.           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is .05.         .161 <sup>1</sup> null hypothesis.	Null Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorow.         .200 <sup>1,2</sup> Retain the null hypothesis.           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is .05.         A <sup>1</sup> Lilliefors Corrected         1 <sup>2</sup> This is a lower bound of the true significance.         2           Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorow.         .166 <sup>1</sup> Retain the null hypothesis.           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorow.         .166 <sup>1</sup> Retain the null hypothesis.           1         Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is .05.         A           1         Lilliefors Corrected         1         2:	Null Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirov Test         Retain the null hypothesis.           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is 05.         1         The distribution of VAR00002 is smirov Test <sup>1</sup> Lilliefors Corrected         2         1         Corrected         2 <sup>2</sup> This is a lower bound of the true significance.         Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test         Retain the null hypothesis.         Null Hypothesis           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test         Retain the null hypothesis.         The distribution of VAR000004 is normal with mean 22.82 and standard deviation 2.363.           Asymptotic significances are displayed.         The significance level is .05.         1         Significances are displayed.           1         Lilliefors Corrected         1         Corrected         1         2           1         Lilliefors Corrected         1         1         Significances are displa           1         Lillilefors Corrected	Null Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test         200 <sup>1.2</sup> Retain the null hypothesis.           Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance level is .05.         1         1         Inormal with mean 0.46 and standard deviation 0.243.         Smirnov Test           1         Lilliefors Corrected         2         Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance.         Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance.           Hypothesis Test Summary           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         Inormal with mean 32.62 and standard deviation 13.803.         Smirnov Test         Retain the null hypothesis.         The distribution of VAR000004 is standard deviation 2.363.         Smirnov Test           Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance level is .05.         1         Inormal with mean 22.82 and standard deviation 2.363.         Kolmogorov- Smirnov Test           Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance level is .05.         1         1         Inormal with mean 22.82 and standard deviation 2.363.         Smirnov Test           1         Lilliefors Corrected         2         The significances are displayed.	Null Hypothesis         Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00001 is standard deviation 0.243.         One-Sample Kolmogorov- Sminov Test         Retain the null hypothesis.           Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance level is .05.         The distribution of VAR00002 is Sminov Test         One-Sample null hypothesis.           1 Lilliefors Corrected         2         This is a lower bound of the true significance.         Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance.           Hypothesis Test Summary           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.82 and standard deviation 13.803.         Test         Sig.           1         The distribution of VAR00003 is normal with mean 33.82 and standard deviation 13.803.         The significance level is .05.         Null Hypothesis           1         Lilliefors Corrected         Sminov Test         Sig.           2         Sminov Test         Sig.         Decision           1         The distribution of VAR00004 is normal with mean 22.82 and standard deviation 2.363.         Sminov Test           3         Sminov Test         .05.         1           1         Lilliefors Corrected         Sminov Test         Sig.           2         Sminov Test         .05.         Sminov Test         Sig.	

• Figure 3 - caption is not referring to correct sub-plots. E.g. B is TOC not nitrogen density etc.

# Author's response:

New caption was as following:

L171-172. "Figure 3. Content of carbon and nitrogen in vegetation and sediments during different water levels. Carbon (a) and nitrogen (c) densities of vegetation in different zones. Concentration of TOC (b) and TN (d) in sediments in different vegetation zones"

• Figure 5 - text in the figure is so small that it is unreadable.

# Author's response:

We have resized the text in the figure as suggest.

• Line 350 - do you have data about N<sub>2</sub>O reducers: *nosZ* clade I and II genes? Currently the abundance of *nirS*, *nirK* and *hzsB* genes does not provide enough information about the entire N cycle.

#### Author's response:

In this study, we mainly focused on N<sub>2</sub>O emissions in the N cycle. Nitrite is converted to NO or N<sub>2</sub>O by nitrite reductase (NIR) in denitrification, the extensively used biomarkers for which are nirK (Cu-containing) and nirS (cytochrome cd 1) (Levy-Booth, D.J., Prescott, C.E., Grayston, S.J.: Microbial functional genes involved in nitrogen fixation, nitrification and denitrification in forest ecosystems, Soil Biol. Biochem., 75, 11–25, 10.1016/j.soilbio.2014.03.021, 2014.). And the N<sub>2</sub>O emission varied with the abundance of *nirS* and *nirK* genes (Zhang, L., Jiang, M.H., Ding, K.R., Zhou, S.G., Iron oxides affect denitrifying bacterial communities with the nirS and nirK genes and potential N<sub>2</sub>O emission rates from paddy soil, EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF SOIL BIOLOGY, 93, 103903, 10.1016/j.ejsobi.2019.103093, 2019). Thus, the abundance of *nirS* and *nirK* genes became the main object of discussion. Meanwhile, in order to further explore the N cycle in the anaerobic environment such as reservoirs and lakes, we analyzed the functional gene (*hasB* gene) of anammox to compare with the denitrification.

• Throughout the text: sometimes N2O has subscript  $(N_2O)$  and sometimes not.

# Author's response:

We double checked the subscripts and revised the incorrect subscripts.